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Letter 63; Letter 64102; Letter 66; Letter 67; Letter 68; Letter 69; Letter 70; Letter 71105; Letter 72; Letter 73; Letter 74106; Conclusion; 4. Release, Work in Sverdlovsk and the Start of Polarography in the USSR; Introduction; The 1959 Nobel Prize for Chemistry Goes to Electroanalysis; The Origins of Polarography; Polarography Revolutionizes Analytical Chemistry  
Polarography Changes: Pulse Voltammetry, Static Mercury Drops and Stripping Voltammetry  
Polarography Arrives in the USSR; Stromberg's Research in Sverdlovsk: Wartime and After; Chelyabinsk; Stromberg is Sacked - An Academic Life Begins; 5. The Tomsk School of Electroanalysis; Early Years In Tomsk: 1956-1962; The Special Research Laboratory: 1962-1985; Life as a Graduate Student in the Special Research Laboratory; Stromberg and Semchenko: Physical Chemistry; Stromberg's Reflections on Running His Laboratory and on His Relationships with the Scientific Community  
The Special Research Laboratory: The Science  
Appendix; 6. Life in Tomsk After Retirement; Leaving the Department in 1985 to Retire; Perestroika and Stromberg's Return to Nizhni Tagil; Science in Retirement: Teaching an Old Dog New Tricks; Hobbies; Vita Brevis Est...  
Ut Volito Oportet!

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Sommario/riassunto

Armin G Stromberg was arguably one of the founding fathers of the technique of stripping voltammetry frequently used in chemical analysis, yet he is virtually unheard of in Western scientific circles. He was a brilliant scientist, but due to his German an

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