Record Nr. UNINA9910788963003321 GIS applications in agriculture . Volume three Invasive species / / edited **Titolo** by Sharon A. Clay Pubbl/distr/stampa Boca Raton, Fla.:,: CRC Press,, 2011 **ISBN** 0-429-14682-5 1-4200-7881-X Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (448 p.) Collana GIS applications in agriculture;; v. 3 Altri autori (Persone) ClaySharon A (Sharon Ann) Disciplina 632 Soggetti Agricultural pests - Control - Data processing Introduced organisms - Control - Data processing Noxious weeds - Control - Data processing Agricultural informatics Geographic information systems Agricultural mapping Agriculture - Remote sensing Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references. Nota di contenuto Front cover; Contents; Series Preface; Preface; Acknowledgments; Editor; Contributors; Chapter 1. Introduction: Remote Sensing and GIS Techniques for the Detection, Surveillance, and Management of Invasive Species; Chapter 2. Obtaining Spatial Data; Chapter 3. Population Ecology Considerations for Monitoring and Managing Biological Invasions; Chapter 4. Integrating GPS, GIS, and Remote SensingTechnologies with Disease Management Principles to Improve Plant Health: Chapter 5. Mapping Actual and Predicted Distribution of Pest Animals and Weeds in Australia Chapter 6. Use of GIS Applications to Combat the Threat of Emerging Virulent Wheat Stem Rust RacesChapter 7. Online Aerobiology Process Model; Chapter 8. Site-Specific Management of Green Peach Aphid, Myzuspersicae (Sulzer); Chapter 9. Analysis of the 2002 Equine West Nile Virus Outbreak in South Dakota Using GIS and Spatial Statistics; Chapter 10. Designing a Local-Scale Microsimulation of Lesser Grain

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Sommario/riassunto

While many ""alien"" plant and animal species are purposefully introduced into new areas as ornamentals, livestock, crops, and even pets, these species can escape into other areas and threaten agricultural and native ecosystems causing economic and environmental harm, or harm to human health. Increasingly, scientists are using Geographic Information Systems (GIS) to track and manage the invaders, mitigate the potential rate of spread and level of impact, and protect the native economy and ecosystem. Beginning with an introduction to the use of GIS technology to capture, store,