Record Nr. UNINA9910788827303321 Autore Dienst Stefan Titolo A grammar of Kulina / / Stefan Dienst Pubbl/distr/stampa Berlin, [Germany];; Boston, [Massachusetts]:,: De Gruyter Mouton,, 2014 ©2014 **ISBN** 3-11-039537-1 3-11-034191-3 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (330 p.) Collana Mouton Grammar Library, , 0933-7636 ; ; Volume 66 Classificazione EE 7458 498.3 Disciplina Soggetti Culina language - Grammar Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Frontmatter -- Acknowledgements -- Table of contents --Abbreviations, symbols and conventions -- Summary -- 1. Introduction -- 2. Phonetics and phonology -- 3. Nouns -- 4. Dynamic verbs -- 5. Stative verbs -- 6. Adjectives -- 7. Other word classes -- 8. Possession -- 9. Noun phrases -- 10. Copula, verbless and existential clauses --11. Verbal main clauses -- 12. Clause embedding and coordination --13. Adverbial clauses -- 14. Word formation -- 15. Lexicon -- Text 1 -- Text 2 -- References -- Index Sommario/riassunto This book is a reference grammar of Kulina, an Amazonian language spoken in Brazil and Peru. The dialect described by the author is spoken on the upper Purus River in the Brazilian state of Acre. Kulina belongs to the Arawan language family. It is predominantly headmarking and has a complex verbal morphology which is largely addlutinating with some instances of fusion. The language has two noun classes and two genders. The gender agreement of transitive verbs with their arguments is in part governed by intricate grammatical rules and in part pragmatically driven. There are three types of possession, alienable, inalienable, and kinship. The latter category only applies to some kinship nouns, while others are alienably possessed. Kulina has aspirated and unaspirated obstruents, but different

aspirated obstruents do not co-occur in one morpheme due to

Grassmann's law, a dissimilation process known from Sanskrit and Ancient Greek. The book contains two Kulina texts and a chapter on the lexicon, which discusses colour terms, generic nouns for plants and animals, pet vocatives, idioms, and the origin of loan words.