1. Record Nr. UNISALENTO991002221799707536

Titolo	Orthogonal polynomials and special functions [e-book] : Leuven 2002 / Erik Koelink, Walter Van Assche (eds.)
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin : Springer, c2003
ISBN	9783540449454
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (x, 249 p.)
Collana	Lecture notes in mathematics, 0075-8434 ; 1817
Classificazione	AMS 33-01 AMS 42C05 LC QA3.L28
Altri autori (Persone)	Koelink, Erikauthor Assche, Walterauthor
Disciplina	515.5
Soggetti	Mathematics Topological Groups Fourier analysis Differential Equations Functions, special Computer science Combinatorics
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Risorsa elettronica
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

2. Record Nr. UNINA9910788691303321

Autore	Ott Dennis <1983->
Titolo	Local instability : split topicalization and quantifier float in German / / Dennis Ott
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin ; ; Boston : , : De Gruyter, , 2012
ISBN	1-283-62873-2 3-11-029095-2 9786613941183
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (184 pages)
Collana	Linguistische Arbeiten, , 0344-6727 ; ; 544
Disciplina	435
Soggetti	German language - Locative constructions German language - Syntax German language - Quantifiers German language - Grammar Minimalist theory (Linguistics)
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Originially presented as the author's thesis (doctoral-Harvard University) under the title: Local instability: The Syntax of Split Topics, 2011.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- 0 Acknowledgments -- Contents -- 1 Introduction: Aims and Scope -- 2 Split Topics: Empirical Properties and Theoretical Problems -- 3 The Syntax of Split Topics: A Novel Approach -- 4 An Extension to Quantifer Float -- 5 Conclusion and Outlook -- References -- Index
Sommario/riassunto	This monograph argues for a novel approach to split topicalization and quantifier float in German, based on the premise that syntactic structure-building proceeds solely via free application of Merge. Following recent developments in the pursuit of a more principled theory of syntax, it is argued that the stipulative notion of 'projection' ought to be dispensed with: syntactic objects created by Merge are not headed, and endocentricity arises due to a simple search algorithm. When this algorithm fails, specifically in symmetric {XP,YP} structures, an unlabeled constituent results; where a label is required, such structures are locally unstable. It is argued that both split topics and

floated quantifiers are the result of this kind of local instability: when an exocentric predication structure is merged in argument or adjunct position, XP must be displaced at the phase level to allow for determination of a label. It is this symmetry-breaking movement that yields the 'split constituent' in surface form. Based on careful empirical scrutiny of two recalcitrant problems for syntactic theory, the present work adduces substantial support for a 'minimalist' grammatical architecture devoid of phrase-structural residue.