

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910788409903321
Autore	Subramanian Arvind
Titolo	India's Pattern of Development : : What Happened, What Follows? // Arvind Subramanian, Raghuram Rajan, Ioannis Tokatlidis, Kalpana Kochhar, Utsav Kumar
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2006
ISBN	1-4623-3871-2 1-4527-2190-4 1-282-60694-8 9786613822710 1-4519-0818-0
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (70 p.)
Collana	IMF Working Papers
Altri autori (Persone)	RajanRaghuram TokatlidisIoannis KochharKalpana KumarUtsav
Soggetti	Economic development Labor Macroeconomics Industries: Manufacturing Macroeconomics: Production Employment Unemployment Wages Intergenerational Income Distribution Aggregate Human Capital Aggregate Labor Productivity Industry Studies: Services: General Macroeconomic Analyses of Economic Development Industrialization Manufacturing and Service Industries Choice of Technology Economic Growth and Aggregate Productivity: General Measurement of Economic Growth Aggregate Productivity Cross-Country Output Convergence Industry Studies: Manufacturing: General Labor Economics: General

Aggregate Factor Income Distribution
Public Enterprises
Public-Private Enterprises
Manufacturing industries
Labour
income economics
Civil service & public sector
Manufacturing
Income
Public sector
Economic sectors
National accounts
Labor economics
Finance, Public
Economic theory
India Economic conditions 1947-
India Economic policy
India

Lingua di pubblicazione

Inglese

Formato

Materiale a stampa

Livello bibliografico

Monografia

Note generali

"January 2006."

Nota di bibliografia

Includes bibliographical references.

Nota di contenuto

""Contents""; ""I. INTRODUCTION""; ""II. INDIA CIRCA 1980""; ""III. HOW HAS INDIA CHANGED SINCE THE EARLY 1980's? ""; ""IV. THE STATES STORY""; ""V. UNDERSTANDING POST-1980 PERFORMANCE""; ""VI. LOOKING AHEAD""; ""Appendix: Data Sources and Description""; ""REFERENCES""

Sommario/riassunto

India has followed an idiosyncratic pattern of development, certainly compared with other fast-growing Asian economies. While the importance of services rather than manufacturing is widely noted, within manufacturing India has emphasized skill-intensive rather than laborintensive manufacturing, and industries with higher-than-average scale. Some of these distinctive patterns existed prior to the beginning of economic reforms in the 1980s, and stem from the idiosyncratic policies adopted after India's independence. Using the growth of fastmoving Indian states as a guide, we conclude that India may not revert to the pattern followed by other countries, despite reforms that have removed some policy impediments that contributed to India's distinctive path.