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| 1. Record Nr.           | UNISALENTO991004169939707536  |
| Autore                  | Ceriani, Andrea   |
| Titolo                  | Processi di innovazione e miglioramento della scuola : strategie e modelli di intervento organizzativo / a cura di Andrea Ceriani   |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa      | Milano : Unicopli, 1996   |
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| 2. Record Nr.           | UNINA9910788349503321   |
| Autore                  | Eyraud Luc  |
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| Descrizione fisica      | 1 online resource (25 p.)   |
| Collana                 | IMF Working Papers  |
| Soggetti                | Economic development - Africa, Southern<br>Economics - Africa, Southern<br>Banks and Banking<br>Macroeconomics<br>Production and Operations Management<br>Macroeconomics: Consumption<br>Saving<br>Wealth<br>Investment |

Capital  
 Intangible Capital  
 Capacity  
 Macroeconomic Analyses of Economic Development  
 Measurement of Economic Growth  
 Aggregate Productivity  
 Cross-Country Output Convergence  
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 income economics  
 Private savings  
 Real interest rates  
 Total factor productivity  
 Labor  
 Labor productivity  
 National accounts  
 Financial services  
 Saving and investment  
 Interest rates  
 Industrial productivity  
 Labor economics  
 South Africa

<b>Lingua di pubblicazione</b>	Inglese
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<b>Livello bibliografico</b>	Monografia
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<b>Nota di bibliografia</b>	Includes bibliographical references.
<b>Nota di contenuto</b>	<p>           CONTENTS; I. Introduction; II. Major Constraints on Growth in the Last Decade; A. First Decomposition: Demand Components of GDP; List of Figures; Figure 1. Contributions to GDP Growth; B. Productivity and Labor Input Characteristics; List of Tables; Table 1. Normalized Contributions of Demand Components to GDP Growth (percent); C. Capital, Labor, and Total Factor Productivity; Figure 2. Contributions to GDP Growth (1996-2006) (Percent); Table 2. Employment and Labor Force in South Africa and Comparators (average 1996- 2006) (Percent); Table 3. Results of the Third Decomposition (Percent)         </p>

III. Investment Determinants in South Africa Compared with the Panel  
Table 4. Production-Function Decomposition in South Africa (Percent);  
Figure 3. Gross Capital Formation (Percent of GDP); Figure 4. Real  
Interest Rate (Percent); IV. Releasing the Saving Constraint on  
Investment and Growth; A. National Saving in South Africa; Table 5.  
Doing Business Indicators (2003-2006); Figure 5. National Saving in  
South Africa (Percent of GNDI); Figure 6. Public and Private Saving Rates  
(Percent of GNDI); Figure 7. Saving Rates by Institutional Sector (Percent  
of GNDI)  
B. An Accounting Decomposition of the Corporate Saving Rate  
Table 6. Comparison of Saving-GNDI Ratios in South Africa and the Panel; C.  
Economic Determinants of Private Saving; Table 7. Average Long-term  
Contributions of the Explanatory Variables to the Private Saving Rate:  
Results for South Africa and the Panel and the Resulting Gap; Table 8.  
Average Long-term Contributions of the Explanatory Variables to the  
Decrease in the Private Saving Rate in South Africa; V. Conclusions and  
Policy Implications; Appendix  
Table 9. Results: Level and Variations of the Accounting Components of  
the Corporate Saving Rate  
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Sommario/riassunto

The purpose of this paper is to examine factors that have constrained South Africa's growth since the end of apartheid by comparing its GDP components and its saving and investment performance with those of 10 faster-growing countries. The study finds that sluggish investment has undermined growth since 1996 and that the underinvestment is in part explained by limited saving. Thus, over the last decade, interactions between investment, saving, and production may have perpetuated slow growth in South Africa.

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