

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996387926603316
Autore	Schonaeus Cornelis <1540-1611.>
Titolo	Terentius Christianus, siue, Comoediæ duæ Terentiano stylo conscriptæ [[electronic resource]] : ad usum scholarum seorsum excusæ, Tobæus, Juditha, his accessit Pseudostratiotes, fabula jocosa ac ludicra / / autore Corn. Schonæo
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cantabrigiæ, : Ex Academiæ celeberrimæ typographeo, 1635
Descrizione fisica	191 p
Soggetti	Latin drama, Medieval and modern
Lingua di pubblicazione	Latino
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Signatures: A-M. Title in ornamental border. Reproduction of original in the St. John's College (University of Cambridge). Library.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0203

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910788237703321
Autore	Pisani-Ferry Jean
Titolo	Government Size and Output Volatility : : Should We Forsake Automatic Stabilization? // Jean Pisani-Ferry, Xavier Debrun, André Sapir
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2008
ISBN	1-4623-3461-X 1-4527-5211-7 1-4518-6982-7 1-282-84076-2 9786612840760
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (55 p.)
Collana	IMF Working Papers IMF working paper ; ; WP/08/122
Altri autori (Persone)	DebrunXavier SapirAndré
Disciplina	337.142
Soggetti	Economic stabilization - European Union countries Monetary policy - European Union countries Macroeconomics Public Finance Comparative or Joint Analysis of Fiscal and Monetary Policy Stabilization Treasury Policy National Government Expenditures and Related Policies: General Fiscal Policy Macroeconomics: Consumption Saving Wealth Public finance & taxation Expenditure Automatic stabilizers Fiscal stabilization Fiscal policy Consumption Expenditures, Public Economics United States

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
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Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	<p>Contents; I. Introduction; II. Does Volatility Matter? Does Government Matter?; III. Automatic Stabilizers and the Great Moderation; A. Do bigger governments deliver greater macroeconomic stability?; B. Fiscal stabilization is not a free lunch; C. The Great Moderation: Why has output volatility declined?; Figures; 1. United States: Volatility of GDP and Consumption; 2. The Taylor Curve and the Inflation-Output Volatility Trade-off; IV. Government Size, Fiscal Stabilization and Volatility; A. The End of Big Government?; 3. Selected OECD Countries: Total Expenditure to GDP Ratio (1963-2006)</p> <p>4. Selected OECD Countries: Social-Security vs. Non-Social-Security Expenditure5. Selected OECD Countries: Openness to Trade and Government Size (1963-2006); B. The Great Moderation: Beyond the United States; 6. Selected OECD Countries: The Great Moderation (1963-2006); 7. Selected OECD Countries: The Great Moderation in More Open Economies; 8. Selected OECD Countries: Volatility by Country Groupings; 9. The Changing Relationship between Volatility and Government Size; C. What Stabilizes Private Consumption?; 10. Selected OECD Countries: Government Size and Change in Output Volatility</p> <p>11. United States: Variance Decomposition of Household Consumption</p> <p>12. Selected Euro Area Countries Variance Decomposition of Household Consumption; V. A Fresh Look at the Link between Government Size and Volatility; A. Specification and Econometric Issues; B. Results; Tables; 1. Government Size and Volatility: Basic Results; 2. Government Size and the; 3. Government Size and Volatility: Interactions and Non-linearities (Pooled OLS, 1961- 2007); 13. Estimated Impact on Volatility of an Increase in Government Expenditure by percentage point of GDP</p> <p>4. Output Volatility and Alternative Measures of Government Size (pooled OLS)VI. Conclusions; References; Appendix; Appendix Tables; A1. Government Size and Volatility: Basic Results with Output Gap Volatility; A2. Government Size and Volatility: Additional Controls; A3. Government and Volatility: Instrumental Variables (Pooled TSLS, period fixed effects, 1961-2007); A4. Government Size and the Great Moderation (Pooled OLS, 1961-2007); A5. Government and Volatility: Instrumental Variables (Pooled TSLS, period fixed effects, 1961-2007)</p> <p>A6. Government Size and Volatility: Interactions and Non-linearities (Pooled OLS, 1961- 2007)</p>
Sommario/riassunto	The paper takes stock of the debate on the positive link between output volatility and the size of government-which reflects automatic stabilizers. After a survey of the literature, we show that the contribution of automatic stabilizers to output stability may have disappeared since the 1990s. However, econometric analysis suggests that the breakdown in the government size-volatility relationship largely reflects temporary developments (better monetary management and financial intermediation). Once these factors are taken into account, the stabilizing role of government size remains important although little extra stability can be gained by expanding public expenditure beyond 40 percent of GDP.

3. Record Nr.

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Titolo

Enhancing the community college pathway to engineering careers //
Mary C. Mattis and John Sislin, editors ; Committee on Enhancing the
Community College Pathway to Engineering Careers, Committee on
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Policy and Global Affairs, National Academy of Engineering and National
Research Council of the National Academies

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Altri autori (Persone)

MattisMary C
SislinJohn <1965->

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Engineering - Vocational guidance - United States

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Nota di contenuto

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Recruitment and Retention -- 4 Curricular Content, Quality, and
Standards -- 5 Diversity in the Engineering Workforce -- 6 Data
Collection -- 7 Report Summary -- Appendixes -- A Committee
Members Biographical Information -- B Committee on Enhancing the
Community College Pathway to Engineering Careers -- C Workshop on
Key Issues and Exemplary Practices in Community College Engineering
Science Programs and Transfer -- D Workshop on Key Issues and
Exemplary Practices in Community College Engineering Science

Sommario/riassunto

Community colleges play an important role in starting students on the road to engineering careers, but students often face obstacles in transferring to four-year educational institutions to continue their education. Enhancing the Community College Pathway to Engineering Careers , a new book from the National Academy of Engineering and the National Research Council, discusses ways to improve the transfer experience for students at community colleges and offers strategies to enhance partnerships between those colleges and four-year engineering schools to help students transfer more smoothly. In particular, the book focuses on challenges and opportunities for improving transfer between community colleges and four-year educational institutions, recruitment and retention of students interested in engineering, the curricular content and quality of engineering programs, opportunities for community colleges to increase diversity in the engineering workforce, and a review of sources of information on community college and transfer students. It includes a number of current policies, practices, and programs involving community college "four-year institution partnerships.