

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910495695203321
Autore	Alexandre Jérôme
Titolo	Corps et encyclopédies / Denis Hüe, Jérôme de Gramont, Bernard Baillaud
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Rennes, : Presses universitaires de Rennes, 2018
ISBN	2-7535-5719-5
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (370 p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	BaillaudBernard Connochie-BourgneChantal DerivryBernard DucosJoëlle Giacomotto-CharraViolaine GramontJérôme de HüeDenis KliebensteinGeorges LeblancCathy LoréeDenis PineauGuylaine RaviezFrançois Saint-GérandJacques-Philippe TauveronCamille XhayetGeneviève
Soggetti	Literary Theory & Criticism corps encyclopédie histoire de la médecine théologie
Lingua di pubblicazione	Francese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	Le corps est ici objet d'étude : en tant que lieu d'un savoir médical, physique, philosophique, il invite à scruter les modalités de sa

représentation et l'imaginaire qu'il recouvre. De l'homme astronomique à l'imagerie médicale actuelle, en passant par les planches anatomiques « artistes » en même temps que scientifiques des xviiie et xviiiie siècles, il témoigne plus que d'autres objets d'une évolution de l'imaginaire comme de l'épistémé. Par ailleurs, le corps est lui-même objet métaphorique qui peut constituer et organiser un discours. Le corpus philosophique, le corps de l'Église ou le corps politique en sont des exemples évidents. À partir du moment où le corps est lui-même un élément constituant du savoir, c'est non seulement le discours qu'il structure et véhicule qu'il faut analyser, mais la représentation même du corps qui est implicitement à l'œuvre. Fruit d'une rencontre pluridisciplinaire de Cerisy, ce volume explore les figures du corps dans le savoir et l'imaginaire du savoir, de l'Antiquité à nos jours.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910788234303321
Autore	Ilahi Nadeem
Titolo	Do the Gulf Oil-Producing Countries Influence Regional Growth? The Impact of Financial and Remittance Flows / / Nadeem Ilahi, Riham Shendy
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2008
ISBN	1-4623-8505-2 1-4527-4706-7 1-4518-7025-6 1-282-84118-1 9786612841187
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (19 p.)
Collana	IMF Working Papers IMF working paper ; ; WP/08/167
Altri autori (Persone)	ShendyRiham
Disciplina	338.27282
Soggetti	Petroleum industry and trade Exports and Imports Finance: General Investments: General Macroeconomics Remittances Energy: Demand and Supply Prices Macroeconomics: Consumption Saving Wealth

General Financial Markets: General (includes Measurement and Data)
Investment
Capital
Intangible Capital
Capacity
International economics
Finance
Oil prices
Private consumption
Emerging and frontier financial markets
Private investment
International finance
Consumption
Economics
Financial services industry
Saving and investment
United States

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Contents; I. Introduction; II. Background; III. Hypotheses and Empirical Specification; IV. Data and Summary Statistics; Figures; 1. Output-Weighted GDP Growth Rates; Tables; 1. Summary Statistics; V. Estimation Results; 2. Ratio of GCC Current Account Surpluses to Combined Regional (non-GCC) GDP; 2. Regional Countries GDP Growth Regression; 3. Regional Countries Private Consumption Growth Regression; VI. Conclusion; 4. Regional Countries private Investment Growth Regressions; Appendix; Data Sources and Description; References
Sommario/riassunto	This paper tests the association between the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) countries' financial and remittance outflows and regional growth in the Middle East. The findings, based on 35-year panel data, indicate that growth rates of real GDP, private consumption and private investment in regional countries are strongly associated with remittance outflows from and the accumulation of financial surpluses in the GCC. Unlike in other developing and emerging market countries, growth in regional countries is not influenced by growth in the North, and is not export led. Linkages with the GCC could help sustain output growth in the regional countries in the face of the global economic slowdown and oil price shocks and could provide diversification gains to international capital seeking markets uncorrelated with Northern and emerging market countries.
