Record Nr. UNINA9910787904603321 Autore Gomez-Rivas Camilo Titolo Law and the Islamization of Morocco under the Almoravids: the fatwas of Ibn Rushd al-Jadd to the far Maghrib / / by Camilo Gomez-Rivas Pubbl/distr/stampa Leiden, Netherlands:,: Brill,, 2015 ©2015 **ISBN** 90-04-27984-9 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (217 p.) Collana Studies in the History and Society of the Maghrib., 1877-9808:: Volume 6 Disciplina 340.5/9220964 Law - Morocco - History - To 1500 Soggetti Islamic law - Morocco - History - To 1500 Almoravides Fatwas - Morocco - History - To 1500 Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Based on author's thesis (doctoral - Yale University, 2009) issued under Note generali title: The Fatwas of Ibn Rushd al-Jadd to the Far Maghrib. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Preliminary Material -- Introduction -- 1 Fatws to Marrakesh: Regulation of the City Market and the Symbolic Authority of Mlik Learning -- 2 Fatws to the Far Maghrib: Ibn Rushd's Consultations for the Amr and Cases of Murder and Stolen Cattle -- 3 Fatws to Ceuta: Water Rights, Judicial Review, and Ibn Rushd's Correspondence with al-Q ly -- Epilogue -- Appendix A: Breakdown of the Fatws in al-Wanshars's Miyr by Subject and Region -- Appendix B: Fatws Chapter One -- Appendix C: Fatws Chapter Two -- Appendix D: Fatw Chapter Three, The Case of the Gardeners vs. the Miller -- Bibliography -- Index. Sommario/riassunto Law and the Islamization of Morocco under the Almoravids. The Fatws of Ibn Rushd al-Jadd to the Far Maghrib investigates the development of legal institutions in the Far Maghrib during its unification with al-

of Ibn Rushd al-Jadd to the Far Maghrib investigates the development of legal institutions in the Far Maghrib during its unification with al-Andalus under the Almoravids (434-530/1042-1147). A major contribution to our understanding of the twelfth-century Maghrib and the foundational role played by the Almoravids, it posits that political unification occurred alongside urban transformation and argues that legal institutions developed in response to the social needs of the

growing urban spaces as well as to the administrative needs of the state. Such social needs included the regulation of market exchange, the settlement of commercial disputes, and the privatization and individualization of property.