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| | Descrizione fisica | 1 online resource (xv, 221 pages) : illustrations ; ; 26 cm |
| | Collana | Directions in development |
| | Altri autori (Persone) | BanerjiArup |
| | Disciplina | 331.1209172/4090511 |
| | Soggetti | Global Financial Crisis, 2008-2009<br>Income distribution - Developing countries<br>Labor supply - Developing countries<br>Developing countries Social policy |
| | Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
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| | Note generali | Description based upon print version of record. |
| | Nota di bibliografia | Includes bibliographical references. |
| | Nota di contenuto | Acknowledgments -- Abbreviations -- Overview -- Fewer jobs or smaller paychecks? : aggregate crisis impacts in selected middle-income countries -- How did the great recession affect different types of workers? : evidence from 17 middle-income countries -- Labor and social protection policies during the crisis and the recovery -- The labor market impact of the 2009 financial crisis in Indonesia -- Weathering a storm : survey-based perspectives on employment in China in the aftermath of the global financial crisis -- Effects of the 2008-09 economic crisis on labor markets in Mexico. |
| | Sommario/riassunto | The end of the MFA was followed by rising apparel exports, falling prices, and a reallocation of production and employment between countries. There were also significant changes within countries. The first main finding of this report is that export and employment patterns after the MFA/ATC did not necessarily match predictions. While many predicted that production would shift to low-wage countries, this book shows that only 13 percent of variation in export changes post-MFA can be explained by the differences in wage levels. Second, changes in exports are usually, but not always, good indicato |