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Autore	Seri Andrea
Titolo	The house of prisoners : slavery and state in Uruk during the revolt against Samsu-iluna / / by Andrea Seri
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Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- Acknowledgements -- Contents -- List of tables -- Plans and maps -- List of abbreviations -- Introduction -- Chapter 1. The archive of the house of prisoners and political history -- Chapter 2. Allocation of flour -- Chapter 3. Prisoners and slaves -- Chapter 4. The organization of Uruk under Rm- Anum Part I: "Houses" and institutions -- Chapter 5. The organization of Uruk under Rm- Anum Part II: Professions and individuals -- Chapter 6. The military, messengers and foreign officials -- Conclusion. The House of Prisoners: State and slavery in Uruk during the revolt against Samsu-iluna -- Appendix 1: Autographs and text editions -- Appendix 2: Collations -- Appendix 3: Chronological catalogue of texts from Uruk dated to Samsu-iluna and Rm-Anum -- Appendix 4: Catalogue of texts from Uruk dated to Samsu-iluna and Rm-Anum -- Appendix 5: Glossary -- Bibliography -- Indexes
Sommario/riassunto	This book deals with the house of prisoners (bit asiri) at the city of Uruk during the revolt against king Samsu-iluna of Babylon, Hammurabi's son. The political history of this brief period (ca. 1741–1739 BC) is not widely known and until now there has been no

comprehensive treatment of the bit asiri. This book includes autograph copies, transliterations, and translations of 42 unpublished cuneiform tablets from various collections, collations, and detailed tables and catalogues. The analysis comprises some 410 documents dated or attributable to king Rim-Anum, one of the insurgents who attained relative independence as the ruler of Uruk. The study of this corpus reveals details about diplomatic dealings between the central power and rebel rulers, about the functioning of the house of prisoners of war, and about the individuals who participated in different echelons of the local administration. This monograph investigates what kind of organization "the house of prisoners" was, how it worked, how it interacted with other institutions, the composition of its labor force, and state management of captive and enslaved individuals.

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Autore

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Titolo

Macunovich Diane J

Pubbl/distr/stampa

Birth quake : the baby boom and its aftershocks / / Diane J. Macunovich

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Nota di contenuto

Front matter -- Contents -- Preface -- Acknowledgments -- Overview: The Birth Quake and Its Aftershocks -- PART 1. Defining Concepts and Terms -- PART 2. First-Order Effects of Changing Relative Cohort Size

Sommario/riassunto

Between 1965 and 1985, the Western world and the United States in particular experienced a staggering amount of social and economic change. In *Birth Quake*, Diane J. Macunovich argues that the common thread underlying all these changes was the post-World War II baby boom-in particular, the passage of the baby boomers into young adulthood. Macunovich focuses on the pervasive effects of changes in "relative cohort size," the ratio of young to middle-aged adults, as masses of young people tried to achieve the standard of living to which they had become accustomed in their parents' homes despite dramatic reductions in their earning potential relative to that of their parents. Macunovich presents the results of detailed empirical analyses that illustrate how varied and important cohort effects can be on a wide range of economic indicators, social factors, and even on more tumultuous events including the stock market crash of 1929, the "oil shock" of 1973, and the "Asian flu" of the 1990's. *Birth Quake* demonstrates that no discussion of business or economic trends can afford to ignore the effects of population.
