1. Record Nr. UNINA9910787171603321

Autore Deese R. S. <1964->

Titolo We are amphibians: Julian and Aldous Huxley on the future of our

species / / R. S. Deese

Pubbl/distr/stampa Oakland, California:,: University of California Press,, 2015

©2015

ISBN 0-520-95956-6

Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (627 p.)

Disciplina 599.93/8

Soggetti Human evolution

Human ecology

Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese

Formato Materiale a stampa

Livello bibliografico Monografia

Note generali Description based upon print version of record.

Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index.

Nota di contenuto Front matter -- Contents -- List of Illustrations -- Introduction: "The

Question of Questions for Mankind" -- 1. Late Victorians -- 2. Twilight of Utopias -- 3. Spiritual Biology -- 4. Ape and Essence -- 5. We Are

Amphibians -- Epilogue: The Future of Our Species -- Acknowledgments -- Notes -- Bibliography -- Index

Sommario/riassunto We Are Amphibians tells the fascinating story of two brothers who

changed the way we think about the future of our species. As a pioneering biologist and conservationist, Julian Huxley helped advance the "modern synthesis" in evolutionary biology and played a pivotal role in founding UNESCO and the World Wildlife Fund. His argument that we must accept responsibility for our future evolution as a species has attracted a growing number of scientists and intellectuals who embrace the concept of Transhumanism that he first outlined in the 1950's. Although Aldous Huxley is most widely known for his dystopian novel Brave New World, his writings on religion, ecology, and human consciousness were powerful catalysts for the environmental and human potential movements that grew rapidly in the second half of the twentieth century. While they often disagreed about the role of science and technology in human progress, Julian and Aldous Huxley both believed that the future of our species depends on a saner set of relations with each other and with our environment. Their common

concern for ecology has given their ideas about the future of Homo

sapiens an enduring resonance in the twenty-first century. The amphibian metaphor that both brothers used to describe humanity highlights not only the complexity and mutability of our species but also our ecologically precarious situation.