Record Nr.	UNINA9910787050403321
Autore	Rousset Francois <1967->
Titolo	Genetic structure and selection in subdivided populations / / Francois Rousset
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Princeton, New Jersey ; ; Oxford, England : , : Princeton University Press, , [2013] ©[2013]
ISBN	0-691-08816-0 1-4008-4724-9
Edizione	[Course Book]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (281 p.)
Collana	Monographs in Population Biology ; ; 40
D'a sia l'a s	F70 F/0
Soggetti	Population genetics
Lingua di pubblicazione	
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Cover; Title; Contents; List of Figures and Tables; Acknowledgments; Preface; What Is and Is Not There; Assumed Background; Of Gene and Fitness; 1. Introduction; Genetic Structure in Relation to Selection; Plan of the Book; 2. Selection and Drift; Selection in Panmictic Populations; Evolution in Spatially Structured Populations; Selection and Local Drift; Effective Size in Subdivided Populations; Measuring Population Structure; Genetic Identity; Statistical Concepts of Equilibrium and Population; Summary; 3. Spatially Homogeneous Dispersal: The Island Model and Isolation by Distance Island ModelsIsolation by Distance; Dispersal in Natural Populations; The Lattice Models; Differentiation under Isolation by Distance; Summary; Appendix 1: General Analysis of the Lattice Model; Appendix 2: Miscellaneous Results ; Diversity in a Deme; Average Diversity in a Population; Differentiation under Low Dispersal; 4. Interpretations of Inbreeding and Relatedness Coefficients in Subdivided Populations; Probabilities of Coalescence in Migration Matrix Models; Migration Matrix Models: Formulation; Probabilities of Coalescence; Interpretations of FST; Coalescence before Dispersal Separation of Time ScalesAn Ancestral Reference Population?; Differences between Distributions of Coalescence Times; Properties of

1.

	Inbreeding Coefficients; Sensitivity to Mutation and to Past Demographic Events; No Mutation; Alternative Measures of Allelic Divergence; 5. Evolutionary Dynamics; Fitness in a Panmictic Population; Example: Resource Competition; Convergence Stability; Evolutionary Stability; Applicability of This Framework; Fitness in a Subdivided Population; Frequency Dependence in Subdivided Populations; How to Measure Selection?; Conclusion Appendix: The Prisoner's Dilemma GameNoniterated Game; Iterated Game; 6. Convergence Stability in a Spatially Homogeneous Population; Weak Selection Effects on Probability of Fixation; Fixation Probability as Allele Frequency Change; Fitness Functions; Fixation Probability: Direct Fitness Expansion; Expression in Terms of Parameters of Population Structure ; Practical Computation of Convergence Stability; Island Model; Isolation by Distance; Conclusions; Direct Fitness Method; Fitness Maximization; 7. Inclusive Fitness, Cooperation, and Altruism; What Inclusive Fitness Does Measure Inclusive and Direct FitnessHamilton's Derivation of Inclusive Fitness; Isolation by Distance; Altruism in Spatially Subdivided Populations; Cost, Benefit, and Relatedness; Helping Neighbors; Other Examples; The Importance of Kin Competition; Kin Recognition; Implications for Modeling Approaches; Inclusive Fitness Theory; Other Frameworks; Appendix: Helping Neighbors under Isolation by Distance; 8. Diploidy (and Sex); Population Structure of Diploid Populations; Analysis of Pollen and Seed Dispersal; Joint Effects of Selfing and Selection on Population
	Population Structure Selection in Sexual Diploid Populations
Sommario/riassunto	Various approaches have been developed to evaluate the consequences of spatial structure on evolution in subdivided populations. This book is both a review and new synthesis of several of these approaches, based on the theory of spatial genetic structure. Francois Rousset examines Sewall Wright's methods of analysis based on F-statistics, effective size, and diffusion approximation; coalescent arguments; William Hamilton's inclusive fitness theory; and approaches rooted in game theory and adaptive dynamics. Setting these in a framework that reveals their common features, he demonstrates how