1. Record Nr. UNINA9910786935803321 Autore Jones James M Titolo The psychology of diversity [[electronic resource]]: beyond prejudice and racism / / James M. Jones, John F. Dovidio, and Deborah L. Vietze Chichester; ; Malden, Mass., : Wiley Blackwell, 2014 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-118-58814-2 1-118-58789-8 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (429 p.) Collana New York Academy of Sciences Altri autori (Persone) DovidioJohn F VietzeDeborah L Disciplina 305.8 Multiculturalism - Psychological aspects Soggetti Prejudices Stereotypes (Social psychology) Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Preface -- Framing diversity -- The psychology of diversity: challenges and benefits -- Central concepts in the psychology of diversity --Historical perspectives on diversity in the United States -- Psychological processes -- Personality and individual differences: how different types of people respond to diversity in different ways -- Social cognition and categorization: distinguishing "us" from "them" -- Social identity, roles, and relations: motivational influences in responses to diversity -- Is bias in the brain? -- Coping and adapting to stigma and difference -- Intergroup interactions : pitfalls and promises -- Culture, power, and institutions -- Cultural diversity: preferences, meaning and difference -- Social roles and power in a diverse society -- The challenge of diversity for institutions -- The psychology of diversity : principles and prospects -- Glossary -- Index. The Psychology of Diversity presents a captivating social-psychological Sommario/riassunto study of diversity, the obstacles confronting it, and the benefits it provides. Goes beyond prejudice and discrimination to discuss the personal and social implications of diversity for both majority and

minority group membersConsiders how historical, political, economic, and societal factors shape the way people think about and respond to

diversityExplains why discrimination leads to bias at all levels in society - interpersonal, institutional, cultural, and social<