1. Record Nr. UNISA990002708730203316

Autore	SMITH, Russell G.
Titolo	Cyber criminals on trial / Russel G. Smith, Peter Grabosky, Gregor Urbas
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cambridge : University press, 2004
ISBN	0-521-84047-3
Descrizione fisica	XVI, 242 p. ; 24 cm
Disciplina	345.730268
Soggetti	Reati informatici
Collocazione	XXII.1.G 79 (IG XXII 141)
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

2. Record Nr. UNINA9910786782403321

Titolo	Real estate / / guest editor, John L. Glascock
Pubbl/distr/stampa	[Bradford, England] : , : Emerald, , 2014 ©2014
ISBN	1-78350-699-7
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (123 p.)
Collana	International Journal of Managerial Finance, , 1743-9132 ; ; Volume 10 Number 2
Disciplina	333.330688
Soggetti	Real estate agents Real estate business Real estate investment
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters.
Nota di contenuto	Cover; Editorial advisory board; Guest editorial; Capital market supply

	and REITs' financing and investment decisions ; Global real estate mutual funds:regional exposure and forecasting skill; Land value determination in an emerging market: empirical evidence from China; Understanding the short- and long-run relationship between vacant allotment and established house prices; The causal relationships between stock returns, trading volume,and volatility; Real estate market cyclical dynamics
Sommario/riassunto	The special issue International Journal of Managerial Finance on real estate looks at various markets and assets and generally finds that while real estate assets offer the investor opportunities for diversification across various markets while being efficient in terms of risk and return. Bai, Chang and Devine (2014) find that larger REITs were better able to pursue profits as they de-leveraged during the recent economic cycle. Rodriguez and Romero (2014) find that global REIT funds (based in the USA) were able to earn excess returns for one of their test periods but it was associated with geo