

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910786481703321
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Titolo	Ukraine Gas Pricing Policy : : Distributional Consequences of Tariff Increases / / Pritha Mitra, Ruben Atoyan
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2012
ISBN	1-4755-1289-9 1-4755-1288-0
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (24 p.)
Collana	IMF Working Papers
Altri autori (Persone)	AtoyanRuben
Soggetti	Natural gas - Prices - Ukraine Natural gas - Economic aspects - Ukraine Macroeconomics Public Finance Taxation Aggregate Factor Income Distribution Trade Policy International Trade Organizations Macroeconomics: Consumption Saving Wealth Price Level Inflation Deflation National Government Expenditures and Related Policies: General Public finance & taxation Income Tariffs Consumption Price elasticity Expenditure National accounts Taxes Prices Tariff Economics Expenditures, Public Ukraine

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Cover; Abstract; Contents; A. Introduction; B. Stylized Facts: Economic Implications of Gas Sector Subsidies; C. Theory: Implications of Higher Gas and Heating Tariffs; D. Model; E. Results; F. Conclusions; Tables; 1. Summary Statistics; 2. Determinants of Heating Demand; 3. Determinants of Gas Demand; Bibliography
Sommario/riassunto	Ukraine's gas pricing policy subsidizes gas and heating for all households. As the cost of imported gas rises, this policy increasingly weighs on government finances, sustains energy over-consumption, dampens investment in delivery systems, and undermines incentives for domestic production. However, gas price hikes have been deferred to the medium-term as they are politically unpopular. Through estimation of household demand functions by income quintiles to evaluate the distributional consequences of tariff reform, this paper finds that tariff reforms combined with targeted social support can address the economic inefficiencies of the current pricing policy without large welfare costs to the lower income segments of the population.