

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910786449803321
Titolo	The Chinese corporatist state : adaption, survival and resistance // edited by Jennifer Y.J. Hsu and Reza Hasmath
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London ; ; New York : , : Routledge, , 2013
ISBN	1-136-16538-X 0-203-08013-0 1-283-86080-5 1-136-16539-8
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (169 p.)
Collana	Routledge contemporary China series ; ; 92
Classificazione	POL024000POL028000POL029000
Altri autori (Persone)	HasmathReza HsuJennifer
Disciplina	322/.30951
Soggetti	Corporate state - China China Social policy
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Cover; The Chinese Corporatist State; Title Page; Copyright Page; Table of Contents; List of illustrations; Notes on contributors; Foreword; Abbreviations; 1 The changing faces of state corporatism; 2 Joining forces to save the nation: Corporate educational governance in Republican China; 3 A self-defeating secret weapon? The institutional limitations of corporatism on United Front work; 4 Collective wage bargaining and state-corporatism in contemporary China; 5 Keep business for business: Associations of private enterprises in China 6 Local state entrepreneurialism in China: Its urban representations, institutional foundations, and policy implications7 The state-religion relationship in contemporary China: Corporatism with hegemony; 8 The rise and impact of the local state on the NGO sector; 9 The Chinese corporatist state: Lessons learned for other jurisdictions; Index
Sommario/riassunto	"The modern Chinese state has traditionally affected every major aspect of domestic society. With the growing liberalization of the economy, coupled with increasingly complex social issues, there is a belief that the state is retreating from an array of social problems from health to the environment. Yet, a survey of China's contemporary political

landscape today reveals not only a central state which plays an active role in managing social problems, but also new state actors at the local level which are increasingly seeking to partner with various non-governmental organizations or social associations. This book looks at how NGOs, social organizations, business associations, trade unions, and religious associations interact with the state, and explores how social actors have negotiated the influence of the state at both national and local levels. It further examines how a corporatist understanding of state-society relations can be reformulated, as old and new social stakeholders play a greater role in managing contemporary social issues. The book goes on to chart the differences in how the state behaves locally and centrally, and finally discusses the future direction of the corporatist state. Drawing on a range of sources from recent fieldwork and the latest data, this timely collection will appeal to students and scholars working in the fields of Chinese politics, Chinese economics and Chinese society."
