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## Introduction

2. Design of the corpus 3. Annotation layers; 4. Quantitative descriptive analyses; 5. Applications for the corpus; Acknowledgements; References; Corpora of spoken Spanish by simultaneous and successive German-Spanish bilingual and Spanish monolingual; 1. Introduction; 2. Description of the corpora; 3. Further research; Acknowledgements; References; Monolingual and bilingual phonoprosodic corpora of child German and child Spanish; 1. Introduction; 2. The PAIDUS corpus; 3. The corpus PhonBLA; 4. Concluding remarks; References  
Pragmatic corpus analysis, exemplified by Turkish-German bilingual and monolingual data 1. An introductory note on methodology; 2. The data: Corpus and constellation; 3. Research questions and aspects of frequency; 4. Procedures of quantitative analysis; 5. Classification of search results; 6. Contextual interpretation of the items; 7. Extending the analysis: Interpretative procedures; 8. Consequences and further research; Abbreviations and conventions; References; Corpus of Polish spoken in Germany: Collecting and analysing written & spoken data for investigating; 1. Introduction  
2. Participants of the study 3. Corpus design; 4. Data acquisition and storage; 5. Transcription; 6. Corpus publication and reuse; References; The HABLA-Corpus (German-French and German-Italian); 1. Introduction; 2. Research on simultaneous bilingualism and the weaker (heritage) language; 3. Corpus design; 4. Transcription; 5. Availability; References; Appendix; Section 2. Language contact corpora; The Hamburg Corpus of Argentinean Spanish (HaCAsPa); 1. Introduction; 2. Argentinean Porteno Spanish as a contact variety: The role of multilingualism and Second Language; 3. Corpus design  
4. Main findings

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## Sommario/riassunto

This paper presents the metadata model of the EXMARaLDA system and its implementations. It will first take a look on existing metadata schemes for transcriptions of spoken language as well as written texts and emphasize on their advantages and disadvantages. The paper will justify the decisions against existing models that led to a new data model that does not prescribe many metadata items and relies on XML files. It will conclude with a brief outlook on ongoing efforts to standardize metadata.

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