Record Nr. UNINA9910786272403321 Autore Yesilada Birol A. Titolo EU-Turkey relations in the 21st century / / Birol Yesilada Pubbl/distr/stampa Abingdon, Oxon:,: Routledge,, 2013 **ISBN** 0-203-07664-8 1-299-14840-9 1-135-12681-X Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (193 p.) Collana Routledge studies in Middle Eastern politics: ; 51 Disciplina 341.242/209561 Soggetti European Union countries Foreign relations Turkey Turkey Foreign relations European Union countries Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. EU-Turkey Relations in the 21st Century; Copyright; Contents; List of Nota di contenuto illustrations; Preface; Acknowledgements; 1 Introduction; 2 Historical overview of EU-Turkey relations; 3 Copenhagen criteria and Turkey's qualifications; Copenhagen criteria for membership; 4 Public opinion; Public opinion in the EU over future enlargement; Turkish public opinion on EU membership; 5 Benefits and challenges of EU membership; Membership and democratic consolidation in Turkey; The clash of civilizations and fear of Turks migrating to Europe; Economic benefits and challenges of membership Institutional implications of Turkey's membershipConcluding remarks; 6 Power transition analysis of EU-Turkey relations: Power transition theory; Results of power transition analysis; Assessment; 7 Conclusions and prospects; Appendix: SPSS tables; Notes; Bibliography; Index Sommario/riassunto The possibility of Turkey's accession to the European Union has been problematic. Initially, the EU's pursuit of regional economic integration and enlargement of membership, at the exclusion of Turkey, strained relations between the two. It was not until 1999, and under pressure from the US, that Turkey was considered as a potential candidate for membership. This book seeks to provide a comprehensive assessment of the fluctuating relations between the EU and Turkey in the twenty-

first century. Applying complementary theoretical models to evaluate