

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910269059303321
Titolo	Diplomazia senza eserciti : le relazioni internazionali della Chiesa di Pio XI / a cura di Emma Fattorini
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Roma : Carocci, 2013
ISBN	978-88-430-7024-4
Descrizione fisica	227 p. ; 22 cm
Collana	Studi storici Carocci ; 198
Disciplina	327.45634
Locazione	FSPBC
Collocazione	COLLEZ. 2076 (198)
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910786200303321
Autore	Pechlaner Gabriela <1968->
Titolo	Corporate crops [[electronic resource]] : biotechnology, agriculture, and the struggle for control / / Gabriela Pechlaner
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Austin, : University of Texas Press, 2012
ISBN	0-292-73946-X
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (302 p.)
Disciplina	630
Soggetti	Agricultural biotechnology - United States Agricultural biotechnology - Canada Plant biotechnology - United States Plant biotechnology - Canada Transgenic plants - United States Transgenic plants - Canada Intellectual property - United States Intellectual property - Canada Family farms - United States Family farms - Canada Agricultural biotechnology - Law and legislation - United States Agricultural biotechnology - Law and legislation - Canada Plant biotechnology - Law and legislation - United States

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Agricultural biotechnologies on the farm and around the world -- The coming of the third regime? Agricultural biotechnology regulation in Canada and the United States -- Biotechnology on the prairies: the rise of canola -- . . . and the fall of wheat -- Legal offense and defense on the Canadian prairies -- From when cotton was king to king Monsanto -- Starting a new regime: training the locals.
Sommario/riassunto	Biotechnology crop production area increased from 1.7 million hectares to 148 million hectares worldwide between 1996 to 2010. While genetically modified food is a contentious issue, the debates are usually limited to health and environmental concerns, ignoring the broader questions of social control that arise when food production methods become corporate-owned intellectual property. Drawing on legal documents and dozens of interviews with farmers and other stakeholders, <i>Corporate Crops</i> covers four case studies based around litigation between biotechnology corporations and farmers. Pechlaner investigates the extent to which the proprietary aspects of biotechnologies—from patents on seeds to a plethora of new rules and contractual obligations associated with the technologies—are reorganizing crop production. The lawsuits include patent infringement litigation launched by Monsanto against a Saskatchewan canola farmer who, in turn, claimed his crops had been involuntarily contaminated by the company's GM technology; a class action application by two Saskatchewan organic canola farmers launched against Monsanto and Aventis (later Bayer) for the loss of their organic market due to contamination with GMOs; and two cases in Mississippi in which Monsanto sued farmers for saving seeds containing its patented GM technology. Pechlaner argues that well-funded corporate lawyers have a decided advantage over independent farmers in the courts and in creating new forms of power and control in agricultural production. <i>Corporate Crops</i> demonstrates the effects of this intersection between the courts and the fields where profits, not just a food supply, are reaped.