

1. Record Nr.	UNISALENT0991000806409707536
Titolo	Excavations at Malkata and the Birket Habu, 1971-1974 / under the direction of David B. O'Connor and Barry J. Kemp
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Warminster, England : Aris & Phillips, <c1977-c1978 >
ISBN	0856681253 (v. 4) 0856681253 (v. 5)
Descrizione fisica	v. <4-5 > : ill. ; 30 cm.
Collana	Egyptology today ; 2
Altri autori (Persone)	O'Connor, David B. Kemp, Barry J.
Disciplina	930.1
Soggetti	Archeologia - Egitto - Siti - Malkata
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	In testa al front.: The University Museum, University of Pennsylvania, Egyptian Expedition.
Nota di contenuto	V. 4.: The inscriptions / M. A. Leahy. - 1978. - VI, 63 p., 24 p. di tav. : ill. V. 5: Jar sealings and amphorae of the 18th dynasty / Colin Hope. - 1977 - 80 p. : ill.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910786138503321
Autore	Langston Nancy
Titolo	Toxic bodies [[electronic resource]] : hormone disruptors and the legacy of DES // Nancy Langston
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New Haven [Conn.], : Yale University Press, c2010
ISBN	1-299-46380-0 0-300-16299-5
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (252 p.)
Disciplina	615/36
Soggetti	Endocrine disrupting chemicals - History Endocrine disrupting chemicals - Government policy - United States - History
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- Contents -- Preface -- Acknowledgments -- 1. Disrupting Hormonal Signals -- 2. Before World War II: Chemicals, Risk, and Regulation -- 3. Help for Women Over Forty -- 4. Bigger, Stronger Babies with Diethylstilbestrol -- 5. Modern Meat: Hormones in Livestock -- 6. Growing Concerns -- 7. Assessing New Risks -- 8. Sexual Development and a New Ecology of Health -- 9. Precaution and the Lessons of History -- Notes -- Bibliography -- Index
Sommario/riassunto	In 1941 the Food and Drug Administration approved the use of diethylstilbestrol (DES), the first synthetic chemical to be marketed as an estrogen and one of the first to be identified as a hormone disruptor-a chemical that mimics hormones. Although researchers knew that DES caused cancer and disrupted sexual development, doctors prescribed it for millions of women, initially for menopause and then for miscarriage, while farmers gave cattle the hormone to promote rapid weight gain. Its residues, and those of other chemicals, in the American food supply are changing the internal ecosystems of human, livestock, and wildlife bodies in increasingly troubling ways. In this gripping exploration, Nancy Langston shows how these chemicals have penetrated into every aspect of our bodies and ecosystems, yet the U.S. government has largely failed to regulate them and has skillfully manipulated scientific uncertainty to delay regulation. Personally

affected by endocrine disruptors, Langston argues that the FDA needs to institute proper regulation of these commonly produced synthetic chemicals.

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