1. Record Nr. UNINA9910786119603321 Autore Hogg Richard **Titolo** Afghanistan in transition: looking beyond 2014 / / Richard Hogg, Claudia Nassif, Camilo Gomez Osorio, William Byrd, and Andrew Beath Washington, D.C.:,: The World Bank,, [2013] Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 0-8213-9863-6 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (pages cm) Collana Directions in development: countries and regions Disciplina 330.9581 Soggetti Economic development - Afghanistan Postwar reconstruction - Afghanistan Afghanistan Economic conditions 21st century Afghanistan Economic policy Afghanistan History 2001-2021 Afghanistan Politics and government 2001-2021 Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Includes bibliographical references. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto C1; C2; Contents; Preface; Acknowledgments; About the Authors; Abbreviations: Overview: Aid and the Challenge of Transition: Figures: Figure O.1 Aid Trends in Afghanistan; International Experience and Afghanistan's History: Figure O.2 External and Core Budgets, 2010/11: Assessing and Managing the Economic Effects of Transition; Figure O.3 Real and Agricultural GDP Growth since 2003/04; Figure O.4 Decomposition of Growth in GDP at Factor Cost, by Activity and Scenario, 2010/11-2018/19; Tables; Table O.1 Real Macro Indicators, by Simulation, 2010/11-2018/19 Analyzing the Employment and Poverty Impacts of Transition Responding to the Fiscal Impact of Declining Aid; Figure O.5 Core Budget Projections to 2021/22; Figure O.6 Projected Expenditure by 2021/22; Figure O.7 Operating and Total Core Financing Gap; Boosting Government Capacity; Figure O.8 Core Operating and Development Budget Execution, 2005/06-2010/11; Delivering Services and Maintaining Infrastructure; Figure O.9 Share of EFS in Eight Ministries

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Sommario/riassunto

The withdrawal of most international troops by 2014 will have a profound and lasting impact on the country's economic and development fabric. This book explores some of these ramifications. Development progress since 2001 has been mixed. The country has recorded some major achievements such as rapid economic growth, relatively low inflation, better public financial management, and gains in basic health and education. Key social indicators, including life expectancy and maternal mortality, have improved markedly, and women are participating more in the economy. Yet in other respects, particular