Record Nr. UNINA9910786006403321 Autore Roulstone Ian Titolo Invisible in the storm [[electronic resource]]: the role of mathematics in understanding weather / / Ian Roulstone and John Norbury Princeton,: Princeton University Press, 2013 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-299-05131-6 1-4008-4622-6 Edizione [Course Book] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (344 p.) SCI042000MAT003000NAT036000MAT007000MAT005000MAT01500 Classificazione Altri autori (Persone) NorburyJohn <1945-> 551.60151 Disciplina Soggetti Meteorology - Data processing Climatology - Data processing Meteorology - Mathematical models Climatology - Mathematical models Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Front matter -- Contents -- Preface -- Prelude: New Beginnings --One. The Fabric of a Vision -- Two. From Lore to Laws -- Three. advances and adversity -- Four. When the Wind Blows the Wind -- Five. Constraining the Possibilities -- Six. The Metamorphosis of Meteorology -- Seven. Math Gets the Picture -- Eight. Predicting in the Presence of Chaos -- Glossary -- Bibliography -- Index "Invisible in the Storm is the first book to recount the history. Sommario/riassunto personalities, and ideas behind one of the greatest scientific successes of modern times--the use of mathematics in weather prediction. Although humans have tried to forecast weather for millennia. mathematical principles were used in meteorology only after the turn of the twentieth century. From the first proposal for using mathematics to predict weather, to the supercomputers that now process meteorological information gathered from satellites and weather stations, Ian Roulstone and John Norbury narrate the groundbreaking evolution of modern forecasting. The authors begin with Vilhelm Bjerknes, a Norwegian physicist and meteorologist who in 1904 came

up with a method now known as numerical weather prediction.

Although his proposed calculations could not be implemented without computers, his early attempts, along with those of Lewis Fry Richardson, marked a turning point in atmospheric science. Roulstone and Norbury describe the discovery of chaos theory's butterfly effect, in which tiny variations in initial conditions produce large variations in the long-term behavior of a system--dashing the hopes of perfect predictability for weather patterns. They explore how weather forecasters today formulate their ideas through state-of-the-art mathematics, taking into account limitations to predictability. Millions of variables--known, unknown, and approximate--as well as billions of calculations, are involved in every forecast, producing informative and fascinating modern computer simulations of the Earth system. Accessible and timely, Invisible in the Storm explains the crucial role of mathematics in understanding the ever-changing weather"--