Record Nr. Autore Titolo	UNINA9910785857903321 Mack Michael <1969-2020.> Anthropology as memory : Elias Canetti's and Franz Baermann Steiner's responses to the Shoah / / Michael Mack
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Tubingen : , : Max Niemeyer Verlag, , 2001
ISBN	3-11-096596-8
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (240 pages)
Collana	Conditio Judaica
Classificazione	GN 3721
Disciplina	830.9/358
Soggetti	Anthropology in literature Holocaust, Jewish (1939-1945) - Influence Anthropology
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [205]-226) and index.
Nota di contenuto	pt. 1. Elias Canetti : anthropology as Literature pt. 2. Franz Baermann Steiner : anthropology and totalitarian terror pt. 3. Style, law and danger.
Sommario/riassunto	This essay is offered particularly as a contribution to the relationship between theological and literary writings on the Holocaust. Franz Baermann Steiner's (1909-1952) detailed sociological work - he taught at the Department of Social Anthropology at Oxford and developed a sociology of danger that strongly influenced Mary Douglas, T. W. Adorno, Iris Murdoch, H.G. Adler and Julia Kristeva - contrasts with Canetti's emphasis on shock. Canetti's response to the Holocaust constitutes, in Dominick LaCapra's terms, an 'acting out' of trauma: a comparison between Canetti's »Masse und Macht« and the anthropological texts he uses brings to the fore his bleak depicton of humanity. By contrast, Steiner - in comparison to Canetti - lays emphasis on 'working through' the Holocaust, that is to say, on overcoming the paralysis of trauma by reflecting critically on values that might transform a damaged society. However, Canetti's depiction of humanity cannot entirely be seen in LaCapra's notion of 'acting out': for through the shock of 'acting out', Canetti nonetheless wants to bring about a 'working through'. Similarly, despite the 'working through' shock and trauma are dramatized in Steiner's poetry and his

1.

aphoristic writings. Morever, Canetti thematizes an ethical impact on his readership in his aphorisms. In response to the Holocaust both writers advance a theory of power: what Steiner calls danger, Canetti attacks as death. Steiner's and Canetti's respective responses to the Holocaust consists in a critique of static ways of thought, affirming 'metamorphosis', and deconceptualized understanding of the world which connects linguistic fluidity to the everchanging contextualities of social and embodied life.