

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910785831103321
Titolo	Syntactic structures and morphological information [[electronic resource] /] / edited by Uwe Junghanns, Luka Szucsich
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New York, : Mouton de Gruyter, 2003
ISBN	3-11-090475-6
Edizione	[Reprint 2011]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (428 p.)
Collana	Interface explorations ; ; 7
Classificazione	ET 320
Altri autori (Persone)	JunghannsUwe SzucsichLuka <1968->
Disciplina	415
Soggetti	Grammar, Comparative and general - Morphosyntax Grammar, Comparative and general - Morphology
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- Contents -- Introduction / Szucsich, Luka / Junghanns, Uwe -- Metagrammar of systematic relations: a study with special reference to Slavic morphosyntax / Avgustinova, Tania -- On-line morphology: The morphosyntax of Hungarian verbal inflection / Bartos, Huba -- Verbal morphology and agreement in Urdu / Butt, Miriam / Sadler, Louisa -- Particles and sentence structure: a historical perspective / Ferraresi, Gisella / Goldbach, Maria -- Subject Case in Turkish nominalized clauses / Kornfilt, Jaklin -- On the licensing of null subjects in Old French / Rinke, Esther -- Periphrastic paradigms in Bulgarian / Spencer, Andrew -- Transparent, restricted and opaque affix orders / Stiebels, Barbara -- Direction marking as agreement / Trommer, Jochen -- On the semantics of cases / Zimmermann, Ilse -- Index
Sommario/riassunto	The book contains ten papers discussing issues of the relation between syntax and morphology from the perspective of morphologically rich languages including, among others, Indo-European languages, indigenous languages of the Americas, Turkish, and Hungarian. The overall question discussed in this book is to what extent morphological information shows up in syntactic structures and how this information is represented. The authors adopt different theoretical frameworks such as the Derivational Theory of Morphology, Distributed Optimality,

Head-driven Phrase Structure Grammar, Lexical-Functional Grammar, Lexical Decomposition Grammar combined with Linking Theory and OT-like constraints, Paradigm-Based Morphosyntax as well as the Principles and Parameters Approach of Generative Grammar.
