Record Nr. UNINA9910785570203321 Autore Chan Yeeshan Titolo Abandoned Japanese in postwar Manchuria: the lives of war orphans and wives in two countries / / Yeeshan Chan New York:,: Routledge,, 2011 Pubbl/distr/stampa 1-136-88389-4 **ISBN** 1-136-88390-8 1-283-04346-7 9786613043467 0-203-83933-1 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (204 p.) Collana Japan anthropology workshop series Disciplina 951.04/2 951.042 Soggetti Abandoned children - China - Manchuria Abandoned wives - China - Manchuria Japanese - China - Manchuria Orphans - China - Manchuria Sino-Japanese War, 1937-1945 Sino-Japanese War, 1937-1945 - China - Manchuria China Ethnic relations Manchuria (China) History Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Book Cover: Title: Copyright: Contents: Foreword: Preface: Acknowledgements: Japanese word list: Chinese word list: Individual informant list; Family informant list; Prologue: Who are they?; 1 Approaches to the study of zanryu-hojin; Part I Structures: Zanryuhojin acting passively in response to social changes; 2 Zanryu-hojin within the flow of historical change; 3 Personhoods formed in rural Northeast China; 4 Repatriation since 1972; Part II Families: Relationships within zanryu-hojin families over a transnational space; 5 Three family accounts; 6 Family in transition

7 Generational tensions and personhoods developed in JapanPart III

Negotiation: Strategies for betterment; 8 Qiaoxiang practices and profiting from kinship; 9 Volunteerism and activism; 10 Conclusion: To what extent have they transformed?; Appendices; Notes; Bibliography; Index

Sommario/riassunto

This book relates the experiences of the zanryu-hojin - the Japanese civilians, mostly women and children, who were abandoned in Manchuria after the end of the Second World War when Japan's puppet state in Manchuria ended, and when most Japanese who has been based there returned to Japan. Many zanryu-hojin survived in Chinese peasant families, often as wives or adopted children; the Chinese government estimated that there were around 13,000 survivors in 1959, at the time when over 30,000 ""missing"" people were deleted from Japanese family registers as "" war dead"". <P