

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910785522903321
Autore	Krug Manfred G. <1966->
Titolo	Emerging English modals [[electronic resource]] : a corpus-based study of grammaticalization / / by Manfred G. Krug
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin ; ; New York, : Mouton de Gruyter, 2000
ISBN	3-11-082098-6
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (348 p.)
Collana	Topics in English Linguistics [TiEL] ; ; 32 Topics in English linguistics ; ; 32
Classificazione	HF 310
Disciplina	425
Soggetti	English language - Modality English language - Discourse analysis English language - Grammaticalization
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [299]-326) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Theoretical, methodological and empirical foundations -- 3 HAVE GOT TO/GOTTA and HAVE TO/HAFTA -- 4 WANT TO and WANNA -- 5 Models and motivations for emerging English modals. 5.1 Chapter outline -- 5 Models and motivations for emerging English modals. 5.2 Frequency -- 5 Models and motivations for emerging English modals. 5.3 Mechanisms and pathways of change -- 5 Models and motivations for emerging English modals. 5.4 Towards a model for natural change in spoken and written text types -- 5 Models and motivations for emerging English modals. 5.5 The marginal modals NEED (TO), OUGHT (TO) and DARE (TO) -- 5 Models and motivations for emerging English modals. 5.6 Motivations -- 5 Models and motivations for emerging English modals. 5.7 Gravitation and categorization -- 5 Models and motivations for emerging English modals. 5.8 Some implications of the gravitation model -- 6 Conclusion -- Notes -- Appendices -- References -- Index
Sommario/riassunto	This work is essentially based on grammaticalization theory - a branch of linguistics which has gained prominence since the 1980's. It focuses on the interaction between diachrony and synchrony, langue and parole or, for that matter, competence and performance, I-language and -language. It does not see these levels as distinct linguistic domains, as

much structurally oriented work does. It is important for the present purposes that such an interactionist view entails that performance effects may over time cause new grammatical code relations. Hence the importance of statistical empirical research, which led the author to adopt a predominantly corpus-based approach.

---