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| 1. Record Nr. | UNINA9910317763903321 |
| Titolo | European Local Pig Breeds : Diversity and Performance. A study of project TREASURE // edited by Marjeta Candek-Potokar and Rosa Nieto |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | London, United Kingdom : , : IntechOpen, , 2019 |
| ISBN | 1-83962-011-0 1-78985-408-3 |
| Descrizione fisica | 1 online resource (318 pages) : illustrations some color |
| Disciplina | 338.1764 |
| Soggetti | Swine - Breeding Pork industry and trade - Europe |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
| Nota di bibliografia | Includes bibliographical references. |

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| 2. Record Nr. | UNINA9910785305503321 |
| Titolo | Some recent advances in partial difference equations [[electronic resource] /] / editor, Eugenia Petropoulou |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | [S.l.], : Bentham e Books, [2010] |
| ISBN | 1-60805-152-8 |
| Descrizione fisica | 1 online resource (149 p.) |
| Altri autori (Persone) | PetropoulouEugenia |
| Disciplina | 515.625 515/.625 |
| Soggetti | Difference equations Difference algebra |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
| Note generali | Description based upon print version of record. |
| Nota di bibliografia | Includes bibliographical references and index. |
| Nota di contenuto | 01 Title.pdf; 02 Cover Page; 03 eBooks End User License Agreement-Website; 04 Content; 06 Foreword; 07 Preface; 08 Chapter 01; 09 Chapter 02; 10 Chapter 03; 11 Chapter 04; 12 Index |
| Sommario/riassunto | Lately there is an increasing interest in partial difference equations demonstrated by the enormous amount of research papers devoted to them. The initial reason for this increasing interest was the development of computers and the area of numerical analysis, where partial difference equations arise naturally when discretizing a partial differential equation. The aim of this e-book is to provide some recent advances in the field of partial difference equations. Applications of partial difference equations in numerical analysis and systems theory are also presented. This e-book will be of use t |

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| 3. Record Nr. | UNINA9910300284703321 |
| Autore | Wallace Rodrick |
| Titolo | Clear-Cutting Disease Control : Capital-Led Deforestation, Public Health Austerity, and Vector-Borne Infection / / by Rodrick Wallace, Luis Fernando Chaves, Luke R. Bergmann, Constância Ayres, Lenny Hoyerwerf, Richard Kock, Robert G. Wallace |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2018 |
| ISBN | 3-319-72850-4 |
| Edizione | [1st ed. 2018.] |
| Descrizione fisica | 1 online resource (68 pages) : illustrations |
| Disciplina | 616.9 |
| Soggetti | Epidemiology Public health Public Health |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
| Nota di bibliografia | Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters. |
| Nota di contenuto | The Social Context of the Emergence of Vector-Borne Disease -- Modeling Vector-Borne Diseases in a Commoditized Landscape -- Modeling State Interventions -- Implications for Disease Intervention and Modeling -- Mathematical Appendix.- References. . |
| Sommario/riassunto | The vector-borne Zika virus joins avian influenza, Ebola, and yellow fever as recent public health crises threatening pandemicity. By a combination of stochastic modeling and economic geography, this book proposes two key causes together explain the explosive spread of the worst of the vector-borne outbreaks. Ecosystems in which such pathogens are largely controlled by environmental stochasticity are being drastically streamlined by both agribusiness-led deforestation and deficits in public health and environmental sanitation. Consequently, a subset of infections that once burned out relatively quickly in local forests are now propagating across susceptible human populations whose vulnerability to infection is often exacerbated in structurally adjusted cities. The resulting outbreaks are characterized by greater global extent, duration, and momentum. As infectious diseases in an age of nation states and global health programs cannot, as much of the present modeling literature presumes, be described by |

interacting populations of host, vector, and pathogen alone, a series of control theory models is also introduced here. These models, useful to researchers and health officials alike, explicitly address interactions between government ministries and the pathogens they aim to control.
