Record Nr. UNINA9910785199203321 Autore Blair Roger D. Titolo Monopsony in law and economics / / Roger D. Blair, Jeffrey L. Harrison [[electronic resource]] Cambridge:,: Cambridge University Press,, 2010 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 0-511-85064-6 1-107-20814-9 1-282-77154-X 9786612771545 0-511-77876-7 0-511-90157-7 0-511-79921-7 0-511-90236-0 0-511-79781-8 0-511-90078-3 Edizione [2nd ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (xiv, 247 pages) : digital, PDF file(s) Disciplina 343.73/0721 Soggetti Antitrust law - Economic aspects - United States Monopsonies - United States Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015). Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Introduction -- The antitrust laws and monopsonistic forms of conduct -- Economic theory of monopsony -- The antitrust response to monopsony and collusive monopsony -- Cooperative buying efforts --Bilateral monopoly -- Monopsony and antitrust enforcement --Monopsony in action: agricultural markets -- Monopsony in action: the NCAA -- Monopsony in action: physician collective bargaining: monopoly or bilateral monopoly -- Final comments. Sommario/riassunto Most readers are familiar with the concept of a monopoly. A monopolist is the only seller of a good or service for which there are not good substitutes. Economists and policy makers are concerned about monopolies because they lead to higher prices and lower output. The

topic of this book is monopsony, the economic condition in which there

is one buyer of a good or service. It is a common misunderstanding that if monopolists raise prices, then monopsonists must lower them. It is true that a monopsonist may force sellers to sell to them at lower prices, but this does not mean consumers are better off as a result. This book explains why monopsonists can be harmful and the way law has developed to respond to these harms.