

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910796012703321
Autore	Grosbois Thierry
Titolo	La bataille d'Angleterre : l'erreur de l'aviation allemande qui a sauvé l'Angleterre // par Thierry Grosbois ; avec la collaboration de Thomas Jacquemin
Pubbl/distr/stampa	[Place of publication not identified] : , : 50Minutos.es, , [2014] ©2014
ISBN	2-8062-5424-8
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (37 p.)
Collana	Grandes Batailles ; ; v.38
Disciplina	940.54211
Soggetti	Britain, Battle of, Great Britain, 1940
Lingua di pubblicazione	Francese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910784707703321
Autore	Burnett John <1925-2006., >
Titolo	England eats out : a social history of eating out in England from 1830 to the present / / John Burnett
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London : , : Routledge, , 2014
ISBN	1-315-83739-0 1-317-87373-4 1-317-87374-2 1-281-38442-9 9786611384425 1-4082-1136-X
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (xv, 363 p.) : ill. (some col.) ;
Disciplina	394.1/2
Soggetti	Food habits - England - History England Social life and customs
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	First published 2004 by Pearson Education Limited.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Introduction: Beginnings -- 1830-1880 -- Eating to live -- Places of refreshment for the working classes -- The growth of gastronomy -- 1880-1914 -- Catering for the masses -- Catering for the classes -- 1914-1945 -- The First World War, 1914-1918 -- After the deluge, 1918-1939 -- The worst of times? The Second World War, 1939-1945 -- 1945-2000 -- From austerity to affluence, 1945-1970 -- A revolution at table, 1970-2000.
Sommario/riassunto	"Eating out is a major social activity in England and makes up about a third of what we spend on food. This is a quite recent change. In the past people ate away from home mainly from necessity, refuelling their bodies for work; men bought from street-sellers and cookshops or ate and drank in pubs or clubs. Eating out for pleasure was mainly restricted to the wealthier classes when travelling or on holiday, and women did not normally eat in public places. It was only after World War Two that eating out became common to all classes - men, women and young people - as a result of rising standards of living, the growth of leisure, and the emergence of new types of catering with wide

popular appeal."

"This book traces the changes in eating out since the early nineteenth century when England was becoming an urban, industrial society. It describes the eating out habits of the rich, the middle classes and the poor; what and where they ate and how much they paid. It examines a wide range of eating places, from coffee rooms and chop-houses to luxury hotels and Edwardian dining, from cafes and fish and chip shops to burger bars and ethnic restaurants." "But eating out is not simply a way of satisfying appetites. It is now an established part of modern leisure, bringing social and psychological satisfactions well beyond the food itself, and has central importance to the way we live and eat today."--BOOK JACKET.
