Record Nr. UNINA9910784615803321 Autore Roberts Mary Louise **Titolo** Civilization without sexes [[electronic resource]]: reconstructing gender in postwar France, 1917-1927 / / Mary Louise Roberts Chicago,: University of Chicago Press, c1994 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-282-07018-5 9786612070181 0-226-72127-2 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (337 p.) Collana Women in culture and society Disciplina 305.3/0944 Soggetti Sex role - France - History - 20th century Women - France - Social conditions World War, 1914-1918 - Social aspects - France World War, 1914-1918 - Women - France Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Originally presented as the author's thesis (Ph. D.--Brown University), 1990. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. 219-330) and index. Nota di contenuto Front matter -- CONTENTS -- FOREWORD -- ACKNOWLEDGMENTS --Introduction. "THIS CIVILIZATION NO LONGER HAS SEXES" -- PART ONE. LA FEMME MODERNE -- PART TWO. LA MERE -- PART THREE. LA FEMME SEULE -- Conclusion. 'ARE WE WITNESSING THE BIRTH OF A NEW CIVILIZATION?' -- Notes -- Index Sommario/riassunto In the raucous decade following World War I, newly blurred boundaries between male and female created fears among the French that theirs was becoming a civilization without sexes. This new gender confusion became a central metaphor for the War's impact on French culture and led to a marked increase in public debate concerning female identity and woman's proper role. Mary Louise Roberts examines how in these debates French society came to grips with the catastrophic horrors of the Great War. In sources as diverse as parliamentary records. newspaper articles, novels, medical texts, writings on sexology, and vocational literature, Roberts discovers a central question: how to come

to terms with rapid economic, social, and cultural change and articulate a new order of social relationships. She examines the role of French

trauma concerning the War in legislative efforts to ban propaganda for abortion and contraception, and explains anxieties about the decline of maternity by a crisis in gender relations that linked soldiery, virility, and paternity. Through these debates, Roberts locates the seeds of actual change. She shows how the willingness to entertain, or simply the need to condemn, nontraditional gender roles created an indecisiveness over female identity that ultimately subverted even the most conservative efforts to return to traditional gender roles and irrevocably altered the social organization of gender in postwar France.