Record Nr. UNINA9910784418803321 Autore Metcalf Thomas R. <1934-> **Titolo** Imperial connections [[electronic resource]]: India in the Indian Ocean arena, 1860-1920 / / Thomas R. Metcalf Berkeley, : University of California Press, 2007 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-282-76223-0 9786612762239 0-520-93333-8 1-4337-0969-4 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (285 p.) Collana The California world history library;; 4 Disciplina 909/.09824081 Soggetti East Indians - Colonization - Indian Ocean Region - History East Indians - Employment - Indian Ocean Region - History Indian Ocean Region Colonization History Great Britain Colonies Africa Administration Great Britain Colonies Asia Administration Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Front matter -- Contents -- Illustrations -- Preface -- Introduction: Nota di contenuto Empire Recentered -- 1. Governing Colonial Peoples -- 2. Constructing Identities -- 3. Projecting Power: The Indian Army Overseas -- 4. Recruiting Sikhs for Colonial Police and Military -- 5. "Hard Hands and Sound Healthy Bodies": Recruiting "Coolies" for Natal -- 6. India in East Africa -- Conclusion -- Abbreviations -- Notes -- Bibliography --Index Sommario/riassunto An innovative remapping of empire, Imperial Connections offers a broad-ranging view of the workings of the British Empire in the period when the India of the Raj stood at the center of a newly globalized system of trade, investment, and migration. Thomas R. Metcalf argues that India itself became a nexus of imperial power that made possible British conquest, control, and governance across a wide arc of territory stretching from Africa to eastern Asia. His book, offering a new

perspective on how imperialism operates, emphasizes transcolonial interactions and webs of influence that advanced the interests of

colonial India and Britain alike. Metcalf examines such topics as law codes and administrative forms as they were shaped by Indian precedents; the Indian Army's role in securing Malaya, Africa, and Mesopotamia for the empire; the employment of Indians, especially Sikhs, in colonial policing; and the transformation of East Africa into what was almost a province of India through the construction of the Uganda railway. He concludes with a look at the decline of this Indian Ocean system after 1920 and considers how far India's participation in it opened opportunities for Indians to be a colonizing as well as a colonized people.