Record Nr. UNINA9910784197003321 Autore Sharon Moshe Titolo Corpus Inscriptionum Arabicarum Palaestinae, Volume Three: -D-F- // Moshe Sharon Leiden; ; Boston: ,: BRILL, , 2004 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-280-85937-7 9786610859375 90-474-0467-X 1-4337-0372-6 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (397 p.) Collana Handbook of Oriental Studies. Section 1 The Near and Middle East;; 30/3 492.7 Disciplina Soggetti Epitaphs - Palestine Inscriptions, Arabic - Palestine Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto List of plates and maps -- Acknowledgements -- Foreword -- Addenda and Corrigenda to CIAP 1 -- Addenda and Errata to CIAP 2 -- Errata vol. 2 -- Dabbriyah -- Daltah -- Dmmn. -- Dayr al-Bala¥ -- Dayr Ghassnah -- Davr Yailah -- Davr Yann -- Davr Istiv -- Davr al-Qalt -- Dayr an-Nab Samwl -- Dayshm -- Dimr -- Dor-Þan «rah --Eilat -- #Ein Yailah -- #Einabs -- #Ein Krim -- #Ein Marzev-#Ein Zurayb -- Fljah. -- Farkhah (Farkh) -- Faa"il -- Fq-Afg --Bibliography -- Index. Western Palestine is extremely rich in Arabic inscriptions, whose dates Sommario/riassunto range from as early as CE 150 until modern times. Most of the inscriptions date from the Islamic period, for under Islam the country gained particular religious and strategic importance, even though it made up only part of the larger province of Syria. This historical

importance is clearly reflected in the hundreds of inscriptions, the texts of which cover a variety of topics: construction, dedication, religious endowments, epitaphs, Qur'anic texts, prayers and invocations, all now assembled in the Corpus Inscriptionum Arabicarum Palaestinae (CIAP). The CIAP follows the method established at the end of the 19th century

by Max van Berchem, namely, the studying of the Arabic inscriptions 'in context'. Van Berchem managed to publish two volumes of the inscriptions from Jerusalem: the CIAP covers the entire country. The inscriptions are arranged according to site, and are studied in their respective topographical, historical and cultural context. In this way the CIAP offers more than a survey of inscriptions: it represents the epigraphical angle of the geographical history of the Holy Land. Volume One: (A) was published in 1997, Volume Two: (B-C) in 1999, Volume Three: (D-F) in 2004, Volume Four: (G) in 2008, an Addendum in 2007, Volume Five: (H-I) in 2013, Volume Six: J (1) in 2016 and Volume Seven: J (2) Jerusalem 1 in 2021. All volumes are still available.