

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910784065303321
Autore	Sesabo Jennifer K
Titolo	Marine Resource Conservation and Poverty Reduction Strategies in Tanzania [[electronic resource] /] / by Jennifer K. Sesabo
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin, Heidelberg : , : Springer Berlin Heidelberg : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2007
ISBN	1-280-86370-6 9786610863709 3-540-69943-0
Edizione	[1st ed. 2007.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (148 p.)
Collana	Hamburg Studies on Maritime Affairs, International Max Planck Research School for Maritime Affairs at the University of Hamburg, , 1614-2462 ; ; 8
Disciplina	333.95/61609678
Soggetti	Environmental economics International environmental law Environmental management Private international law Conflict of laws Environmental Economics International Environmental Law Environmental Management Private International Law, International & Foreign Law, Comparative Law Tanzania Economic conditions
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	"International Max Planck Research School for Maritime Affairs at the University of Hamburg".
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [125]-133).
Nota di contenuto	Summary of the Book -- and Overview -- Costal Rural Households and Decision to Participate in Various Activities -- Small-scale Fishing Households and Technical Efficiency -- Households Attitudes Towards Marine Resource Conservation -- Conclusion.
Sommario/riassunto	Despite the social, nutritional, economical and environmental importance of Tanzanian coastal areas, yet they are vulnerable to both over-exploitation and degradation of their habitats. Using the data from two coastal villages and econometric methods as well as

Stochastic Production Frontier techniques, the book demonstrates the extent which various socio-economic dimensions of rural coastal households influence livelihood pathways, production efficiency and attitudes towards conservation initiatives. Thus, attention to differential patterns of rural coastal households presents more viable possibilities for coastal villages to have conservation-development policies/programs that lead to poverty reduction.
