

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910153247103321
Autore	Iversen Sandra
Titolo	Shapes
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Iversen Publishing
ISBN	1-77661-118-7
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (12 p.) : ill
Disciplina	428.6 516.15
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	Sequential, leveled, factual books for emergent, early, and early fluency readers that systematically and explicitly teach -- phonemic awareness and phonic skills in a sequential order, a further 60 high-frequency words, content vocabulary, comprehension, and fluency

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910784036503321
Autore	Manchester Peter
Titolo	The Syntax of Time : The Phenomenology of Time in Greek Physics and Speculative Logic from Iamblichus to Anaximander / / Peter Manchester
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Leiden; ; Boston : , : BRILL, , 2005
ISBN	1-280-86869-4 9786610868698 90-474-0839-X 1-4337-0673-3
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (189 p.)
Collana	Studies in Platonism, Neoplatonism, and the Platonic Tradition ; ; 2
Disciplina	115
Soggetti	Philosophy, Ancient Time - History
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Preface and Acknowledgments; Chapter One. Two-Dimensional Time in Husserl and Iamblichus; Chapter Two. Time and the Soul in Plotinus; Chapter Three. Everywhere Now: Physical Time in Aristotle; Chapter Four. Parmenides: Time as the Now; Chapter Five. Heraclitus and the Need for Time; Appendix 1 Physical Lectures on Time by Aristotle: A Minimal Translation; Appendix 2 Fragment 8 of the Poem of Parmenides: Text and Translation; Bibliography; Index
Sommario/riassunto	The fourth century Neoplatonist Iamblichus, interpreting Plotinus on the topic of time, incorporates a 'diagram of time' that bears comparison to the figure of double continuity drawn by Husserl in his studies of time. Using that comparison as a bridge, this book seeks a phenomenological recovery of Greek thought about time. It argues that the feature of motion that the word 'time' designates in Greek differs from what most modern scholarship has assumed, that the very phenomenon of time has been misidentified for centuries. This leads to corrective readings of Plotinus, Aristotle, Parmenides, and Heraclitus, all looking back to the final phrase of the fragment of Anaximander, from which this volume takes its title: "according to the syntax of time.".

