Record Nr. UNINA9910783530903321 Autore Sclar Elliott Titolo UN Millennium Development Library: A Home in The City Pubbl/distr/stampa Routledge, 2005 **ISBN** 1-136-55077-1 1-280-47545-5 9786610475452 600-00-0104-5 1-84977-347-5 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (179 p.) Altri autori (Persone) GarauPietro <1942-> CaroliniGabriella Y Disciplina 307.1216 307.3364091724 Soggetti Urban poor - Developing countries - Social conditions Urban poor - Developing countries - Economic conditions City planning - Developing countries Slums - Developing countries Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Monografia Livello bibliografico "UN Millennium Project Task Force on Improving the Lives of Slum Note generali Dwellers 2005." Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. [149]-158). A home in the city; Copyright; Foreword; Contents; Task force Nota di contenuto members; Preface; Acknowledgements; Abbreviations; Millennium Development Goals; Executive summary; Chapter 1 The dimensions of the problem; The urban population of the world is growing; More than 900 million people live in slums; Urban poverty is severe, pervasive, and largely unacknowledged; Slums dwellers are excluded from urban life in many ways; Urban poverty is often underestimated; The benefits of the urban economy reach beyond city boundaries; The urban context is critical to meeting all of the Goals Specific actions must be taken to meet target 11Chapter 2 Recognizing the urban poor as active agents of development; Federations of the urban poor are making a difference; Community-led work in slums

draws on a variety of mechanisms; Actions by federations are setting precedents and changing standards; Many criticisms of community-

driven processes are unfounded; Nongovernmental organizations, governments, and international agencies can support organizations representing the urban poor; Conclusion; Chapter 3 Reaching the target through improved governance

Countries around the world are adopting good urban governance practicesPeople have the ""right to the city""; Planning for development can prevent slums from developing; Local strategies for improving slum dwellers' lives can address all the Goals; Chapter 4 Supporting and enacting local pro-poor policies; Land regulation and transparency in private land transactions are critical to ensuring secure tenure; Cities can provide adequate, affordable infrastructure and services to the poor; Community contracts are a good way to involve slum dwellers in improvement projects and raise their income

Improving public transportation can expand options for the urban poorHealth services need to reach poor urban dwellers; Building codes and regulations need to meet the needs of the urban poor; Policy makers need to provide alternatives to prevent new slums from forming; Cities need to create regulatory and polilcy environments that encourage private sector participation; Organizations and community groups need to be empowered to participate meaningfully in planning; Chapter 5 Mobilizing resources and investments; Most of the funding for improved housing will come from local sources

Land needs to be made available to the urban poorProfessionals and civil servants need to be trained to improve the lives of slum dwellers; Chapter 6 Empowering local action; Networks of people committed to improving the lives of slum dwellers need to be developed and strengthened; International initiatives for local poverty reduction strategies are needed; Creating a worldwide partnership opf ""Millennium Cities"" could advance the urban agenda; Chapter 7 Monitoring progress toward target 11; UN-HABITAT is responsible for monitoring progress

The Monitoring of Urban Inequuities Program was created to provide institutional infrastructure for monitoring progress

Sommario/riassunto

More than 900 million people currently live in urban slums and the number is growing as rapid urbanization continues in the developing world. A Home in the City urges countries to strengthen their focus on the growing urban crisis and improving the lives of slum dwellers. Proposed are specific investments and policy changes required at local and national levels to create a vibrant, equitable and productive urban environment. It underscores the need for close strategic partnerships between local authorities and organizations of the urban poor for slum upgrading and improved urban management. Fr