1. Record Nr. UNINA9910783057903321 Autore Wood Diana <1940-> Titolo Medieval economic thought / / Diana Wood [[electronic resource]] Cambridge:,: Cambridge University Press,, 2002 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-107-12658-4 1-280-15180-3 0-511-81104-7 0-511-11610-1 0-511-03944-1 0-511-14834-8 0-511-33029-4 0-511-05281-2 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (xii, 259 pages) : digital, PDF file(s) Collana Cambridge medieval textbooks Disciplina 330.15/12 Soggetti Economics - History - To 1800 Aristotle Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015). Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. [227]-242) and index. Nota di contenuto Cover; Half-title; Series-title; Title; Copyright; CONTENTS; PREFACE; ABBREVIATIONS; INTRODUCTION: PROBLEMS, EVIDENCE, AND BACKGROUND: 1 PRIVATE PROPERTY VERSUS COMMUNAL RIGHTS: THE CONFLICT OF TWO LAWS: 2 WEALTH, BEGGARY, AND SUFFICIENCY: 3 WHAT IS MONEY?; 4 SOVEREIGN CONCERNS: WEIGHTS, MEASURES AND COINAGE: 5 THE MERCANTILE SYSTEM: 6 THE JUST PRICE AND THE JUST WAGE: 7 THE NATURE OF USURY: THE USURER AS WINNER: 8 THE THEORY OF INTEREST: THE USURER AS LOSER; CONCLUSION; APPENDIX NOTES ON THE MAIN WRITERS AND ANONYMOUS WORKS MENTIONED IN THE TEXT; GLOSSARY OF TERMS; SELECT BIBLIOGRAPHY; INDEX This book is an introduction to medieval economic thought, mainly Sommario/riassunto from the twelfth to the fifteenth centuries, as it emerges from the works of academic theologians and lawyers and other sources - from Italian merchants' writings to vernacular poetry, Parliamentary

legislation, and manorial court rolls. It raises a number of questions

based on the Aristotelian idea of the mean, the balance and harmony underlying justice, as applied by medieval thinkers to the changing economy. How could private ownership of property be reconciled with God's gift of the earth to all in common? How could charity balance resources between rich and poor? What was money? What were the just price and the just wage? How was a balance to be achieved between lender and borrower and how did the idea of usury change to reflect this? The answers emerge from a wide variety of ecclesiastical and secular sources.