

1. Record Nr.	UNICAMPANIASUN0036766
Autore	Somasundaram, Dorairaj
Titolo	Ordinary differential equations : a first course / D. Somasundaram
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Pangbourne, : Alpha science international, 2001
ISBN	978-18-426-5069-1
Descrizione fisica	VIII, 295 p. ; 25 cm.
Soggetti	34-XX - Ordinary differential equations [MSC 2020]
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910782872603321
Autore	Henderson Peter V. N. <1947->
Titolo	Gabriel Garcia Moreno and conservative state formation in the Andes [[electronic resource] /] / Peter V. N. Henderson
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Austin, : University of Texas Press [Texas], : Teresa Lozano Long Institute of Latin American Studies, 2008
ISBN	0-292-79414-2
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (329 p.)
Collana	LLILAS new interpretations of Latin America series
Disciplina	986.6/06092 B
Soggetti	Presidents - Ecuador Ecuador History 1830-1895
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [289]-302) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Frontmatter -- Contents -- List of Illustrations -- Acknowledgments -- Introduction -- One. Preparing for National Leadership, 1821-1859 -- Two. Regionalism and Civil War, 1859-1860 -- Three. A Presidency Constrained I: Federalism and Domestic Policy, 1861-1865 -- Four. A

Sommario/riassunto

This book explores the life and times of Ecuador's most controversial politician within the broader context of the new political history, addressing five major themes of nineteenth-century Latin American history: the creation of political networks, the divisiveness of regionalism, the bitterness of the liberal-conservative ideological divide, the complicating problem of caudillismo, and the quest for progress and modernization. Two myths traditionally associated with García Moreno's rule are debunked. The first is that he created a theocracy in Ecuador. Instead, the book argues that he negotiated a concordat with the Papacy giving the national government control over the church's secular responsibilities, and subordinated the clergy, many of whom were highly critical of García Moreno, to the conservative state. A second, frequently repeated generalization is that he created a conservative dictatorship out of touch with the liberal age in which he lived. Instead, the book argues that moderates held sway during the first nine years of García Moreno's period of influence, and only during his final term did he achieve the type of conservative state he thought necessary to advance his progressive nation-building agenda. In sum, this book enriches our understanding of many of the notions of state formation by suggesting that conservatives like García Moreno envisioned a program of material progress and promoting national unity under a very different formula from that of nineteenth-century liberals.