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| Autore                  | Folger-Fonfara Sabine  |
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| Nota di contenuto       | Vorläufige Material / S. Folger-Fonfara -- Einleitung / S. Folger-Fonfara -- Kapitel I. "Utrum Intentio Entis Sit Prima Rei Intentio"—Die 'Entthronisierung' Des Seinsbegriffs / S. Folger-Fonfara -- Kapitel II. Das Erste Modell Einer Aufspaltung Der Metaphysik: Der Entwurf Einer Metaphysica Generalis Und Einer Metaphysica Specialis / S. Folger-Fonfara -- Kapitel III. 'Intentiones Neutrae'—Die Legitimation 'Super'-Transzendenter Bestimmungen / S. Folger-Fonfara -- Kapitel IV. Schlussbetrachtung / S. Folger-Fonfara -- Verzeichnis Der Quellen Und Der Literatur / S. Folger-Fonfara -- Namenregister / S. Folger-Fonfara -- Sachregister / S. Folger-Fonfara.                         |
| Sommario/riassunto      | The history of modern metaphysics is essentially marked by its splitting up into a metaphysica generalis and a metaphysica specialis , a well-known distinction especially within Christian Wolff's systematic conception of metaphysics. This study investigates the actual origins of this significant development, which can be already found at the beginning of the 14th century. On the basis of a fundamentally revised doctrine of transcendentals the Franciscan theologian Francis of Marchia (~1290-1344) introduces for the first time a dissociation of the primum cognitum of the human intellect from the subject of metaphysics, according to which metaphysics is no longer one science |

in the sense of a scientia transcendens , as most of his predecessors  
claimed in the 13th century, but rather twofold: ontology and theology.

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