Record Nr. Autore	UNINA9910782536703321 Epstein Steven
Titolo	Inclusion [[electronic resource]] : the politics of difference in medical research / / Steven Epstein
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Chicago, : University of Chicago Press, 2007
ISBN	1-281-95679-1 9786611956790 0-226-21311-0
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (427 p.)
Collana	Chicago studies in practices of meaning
Disciplina	610.72
Soggetti	Medicine - Research - Social aspects - United States Human experimentation in medicine - Social aspects - United States Clinical trials - Social aspects - United States Minorities - Medical care - United States Health and race - United States Social medicine - United States
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [311]-394) and index.
Nota di contenuto	How to study a biopolitical paradigm Histories of the human subject The rise of resistance : framing the critique of the standard human The path to reform : aligning categories, targeting the state Opposition to reform : controversy, closure, and boundary work Formalizing the new regime From the standard human to niche standardization Counts and consequences : monitoring compliance The science of recruitmentology and the politics of trust To profile or not to profile : what difference does race make? Sex differences and the new politics of women's health Whither the paradigm?
Sommario/riassunto	With Inclusion, Steven Epstein argues that strategies to achieve diversity in medical research mask deeper problems, ones that might require a different approach and different solutions. Formal concern with this issue, Epstein shows, is a fairly recent phenomenon. Until the mid- 1980s, scientists often studied groups of white, middle-aged men— and assumed that conclusions drawn from studying them would apply

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to the rest of the population. But struggles involving advocacy groups,
experts, and Congress led to reforms that forced researchers to
diversify the population from which they drew for clin