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| Soggetti | Linguistics Ontology Concepts |
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| Note generali | Description based upon print version of record. |
| Nota di bibliografia | Includes bibliographical references and indexes. |
| Nota di contenuto | Frontmatter -- Contents -- I Introduction -- Ontolinguistics - An outline -- Ontologies across disciplines -- II Foundations, general ontologies, and linguistic categories -- The emergence of a shared action ontology: Building blocks for a theory -- Formal representation of concepts: The Suggested Upper Merged Ontology and its use in linguistics -- Linguistic interaction and ontological mediation -- Semantic primes and conceptual ontology -- Using 'Ontolinguistics' for language description -- Language as mind sharing device: Mental and linguistic concepts in a general ontology of everyday life -- III Concepts with closed-class coding -- The representation of spatial structure in spoken and signed language: A neural model -- Postural categories and the classification of nominal concepts: A case study of Goemai -- Spatial 'on' - 'in' categories and their prepositional codings across languages: Universal constraints on language specificity -- Semantic categorizations and encoding strategies -- IV Categories with open-class coding -- Taxonomic and meronomic superordinates with nominal coding -- Motion events in concept hierarchies: Identity |

criteria and French examples -- On the ontological, conceptual, and grammatical foundations of verb classes -- The ontological loneliness of verb phrase idioms -- Relating ontological knowledge and internal structure of eventivity concepts -- Backmatter

Sommario/riassunto

Current progress in linguistic theorizing is more and more informed by cross-linguistic (including cross-modal) investigation. Comparison of languages relies crucially on the concepts that can be coded with similar effort in all languages. These concepts are part of every language user's ontology, the network of cross-connected conceptualizations the mind uses in coping with the world. Assuming that language comparability is rooted in the comparability of user ontologies, the idea of the present volume is to further instigate progress in linguistics by looking behind the interface with the conceptual-intentional system and asking a still underexplored question: How are ontological structures reflected in intra- and cross-linguistic regularities? This question defines the research program of ontology based linguistics or ontolinguistics. Recent advances in the theory of language have been characterized by an emphasis on external explanatory adequacy and thus on relating language to other phenomena. The research program introduced in this volume adds a decisively distinct and fresh aspect to this emerging new contextualization of the field by bringing together insights from different areas, mainly linguistics, but also neuroscience, philosophy, and artificial intelligence. In providing these disciplines with a new common task, the exploration of the impact of ontological structures on linguistic regularities, the ontolinguistic approach promises to develop into a vital branch of cognitive science. Documenting the beginnings, the book aims to instigate future interdisciplinary research in this area. It will be of interest to researchers in linguistics, artificial intelligence, philosophy, and cognitive science in general.
