Record Nr. Autore Titolo Pubbl/distr/stampa	UNINA9910782007803321 Benavides O. Hugo (Oswald Hugo), <1968-> Drugs, thugs, and divas [[electronic resource]] : telenovelas and narco- dramas in Latin America / / by O. Hugo Benavides Austin, : University of Texas Press, 2008
ISBN	0-292-79466-5
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (246 p.)
Disciplina	791.45/6
Soggetti	Drugs in motion pictures Motion pictures - Latin America Television soap operas - Latin America
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Melodrama as ambiguous signifier: latin american telenovelas and Narco-dramas Seeing Xica and the Melodramatic unveiling of colonial desire Producing the global west through latin tales of seduction and enby Karen's seduction: the racial politics of appropriate dinner guests A mother's wrath and the complex disjuncturing of class Being narco: the evolution of a continental sensibility Saintly figures and icons: the migration of a continental dream La reina del sur: Gender, racial, and national contestations of regional identity Sex, drugs, and cumbia: the hybrid nature of culture Conclusion: the postcolonial politics of melodrama Ugly Betty.
Sommario/riassunto	Soap opera speaks a universal language, presenting characters and plots that resonate far beyond the culture that creates them. Latin American soap operas—telenovelas—have found enthusiastic audiences throughout the Americas and Europe, as well as in Egypt, Russia, and China, while Mexican narco-dramas have become highly popular among Latinos in the United States. In this first comprehensive analysis of telenovelas and narco-dramas, Hugo Benavides assesses the dynamic role of melodrama in creating meaningful cultural images to explain why these genres have become so successful while more elite cultural productions are declining in popularity. Benavides offers close readings of the Colombian telenovelas Betty la fea (along with its

1.

Mexican and U.S. reincarnations La fea más bella and Ugly Betty), Adrián está de visita, and Pasión de gavilanes; the Brazilian historical telenovela Xica; and a variety of Mexican narco-drama films. Situating these melodramas within concrete historical developments in Latin America, he shows how telenovelas and narco-dramas serve to unite peoples of various countries and provide a voice of rebellion against often-oppressive governmental systems. Indeed, Benavides concludes that as one of the most effective and lucrative industries in Latin America, telenovelas and narco-dramas play a key role in the ongoing reconfiguration of social identities and popular culture.