Record Nr. UNINA9910781970403321 Autore De Masi Franco **Titolo** The Enigma of the Suicide Bomber: A Psychoanalytic Essay / / by Franco De Masi Pubbl/distr/stampa Boca Raton, FL:,: Routledge,, [2018] ©2011 **ISBN** 0-429-92063-6 0-429-90640-4 0-429-48163-2 1-283-30587-9 9786613305879 1-84940-906-4 Edizione [1st English ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (170 p.) 363.325 Disciplina Soggetti Suicide bombings - Psychological aspects **Psychoanalysis** Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali First published in Italian as Trauma, deumanizzazione e distruttivita in 2008. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto COVER; CONTENTS; ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS; ABOUT THE AUTHOR; FOREWORD; PREFACE; Introduction; CHAPTER ONE A strategic aim; CHAPTER TWO Psychoanalytic contributions; CHAPTER THREE Origins and profile; CHAPTER FOUR Martyrdom and the sadomasochistic link; CHAPTER FIVE Murder-suicide; CHAPTER SIX The network and filicide; CHAPTER SEVEN The female suicide bomber; CHAPTER EIGHT Trauma; CHAPTER NINE Dehumanization: CHAPTER TEN Dissociating emotions: CHAPTER ELEVEN Unique identity and omnipotence; CHAPTER TWELVE A cannibal God; CHAPTER THIRTEEN Terrorism: reversible or irreversible?; Conclusions: NOTES REFERENCESINDEX Sommario/riassunto Why does someone resolve to take his own life in order to murder other

people? What is the state of mind which allows him to commit such a monstrous act? This book explores the mental state that compels certain individuals to perform murderous, suicidal acts and emphasizes

that, whereas a suicidal terrorist attack can be described as a crime against humanity, its protagonists cannot necessarily be classified as criminal or insane. There is no such a thing as a "typical" suicide terrorist - each attacker differs in age, sex, family status, culture, and even religion. Indeed, the common elements in suicide terrorism should perhaps be sought not so much in the individuals concerned as in the dynamics rooted in their group, family history or country. It may be extreme situations experienced by the group situations that are either objectively extreme or perceived as such that give rise to paradoxical behaviour at individual level. Psychoanalysis is well placed to consider this terrain.