

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996393866303316
Autore	William, King of England, <1650-1702.>
Titolo	His Highness the Prince of Oranges letter to the States-General of the United Provinces [[electronic resource] ] : as also that of one of the States-Depvties in the army, giving an account of the fight that happened the 14th instant, between his Highness army, and that of the Duke of Luxemburg, and of the advantage obtained by His Highness in it : translated
Pubbl/distr/stampa	In the Savoy [London], : Printed by Thomas Newcomb, 1678
Descrizione fisica	[2], 4, [1] p
Soggetti	Dutch War, 1672-1678 Great Britain History Restoration, 1660-1688
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Reproduction of original in Huntington Library.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0113

2.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910631691603321
	Titolo	Come funzionano le navi / [testi a cura di Donald Clarke]
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Novara, : Istituto geografico De Agostini, [1979]
	Descrizione fisica	120 p. : ill. ; 27 cm
	Locazione	FARBC
	Collocazione	FONDO ROSSI 2053
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
	Note generali	Ed. italiana a cura di Franco Lenzi Trad. di Vanna Simonini Boca
3.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910781740503321
	Autore	Mazeel Muhammed Abed <1961->
	Titolo	Systems for collecting and preparation of oil and gas and criteria for their selection [[electronic resource] /] / Muhammed Abed Mazeel
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Hamburg, : Diplomica Verlag, 2010
	ISBN	3-8386-1243-4
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (107 p.)
	Disciplina	665.5
	Soggetti	Petroleum industry and trade Petroleum engineering
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
	Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
	Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
	Nota di contenuto	Systems for collecting and preparation of oil and gas and criteria for their selection; CONTENT; INTRODUCTION; 1.0 THE TASK; 1.1 INPUT DATA FOR DEFINING - DESIGNING SYSTEMS FOR COLLECTION AND COLLECTIVE STATION; 1.2 PHYSICAL-CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF RESERVOIR FLUIDS; 2.0 SYSTEM FOR COLLECTION OF PRODUCED

FLUIDS; 2.1 INTRODUCTION; A) INDIVIDUAL (SINGLE) SYSTEM; B) GROUP SYSTEM; C) CENTRAL SYSTEM; 2.2. BASIC CHARACTERISTICS OF THE OIL FIELD; 2.3. THE CHOICE OF COLLECTION SYSTEM; 2.4 GATHERING SYSTEM OF OIL WELLS; 2.4.1 INTRODUCTION; 2.4.2 CALCULATION OF TEMPERATURE DROP  
 2.4.3.1 EQUATION FOR PRESSURE DROP AT ISOTHERMAL OIL FLOW  
 2.4.3.2 EQUATION FOR PRESSURE DROP AT NON ISOTHERMAL FLOW;  
 2.4.4 MECHANICAL CALCULATION OF THE GATHERING SYSTEM; 2.4.5 UNDERGROUND CORROSION; 2.4.6 PIPELINE INSULATION; 2.4.7 CATHODIC PROTECTION; 3.0 COLLECTIVE STATION; 3.1 INTRODUCTION; 3.2 SEPARATION SYSTEM; 3.2.1 SEPARATORS; 3.2.2 MULTI-LEVEL SEPARATION OF OIL AND GAS; 3.2.3 THE CHOICE OF SEPARATION SYSTEM AT COLLECTION STATION; 3.3 MEASURING AND REGULATION; 3.4. CRUDE OIL DEHYDRATION; 3.4.1 EMULSIONS; 3.4.2 MECHANICAL DEHYDRATION OF OIL; 3.4.3 ELECTRICAL DEHYDRATION OF OIL  
 3.4.4 PHYSICAL-CHEMICAL DEHYDRATION OF OIL  
 3.4.5 OIL PREPARATION (DEHYDRATION) AT OIL FIELD; 3.5 DISPOSAL OF RESERVOIR WATER; 3.5.1 SOLVING PROBLEMS OF DISPOSING RESERVOIR WATER AT GIVEN FIELD; 3.6 TANK RESERVOIRS FOR RECEIVING OIL; 3.7 OIL DISPATCH; 3.8 SUPPORTING SYSTEMS; 4.0 HEALTHY, SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL (HSE) PROTECTION DURING WORK OF PERSONEL, FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT; 4.1 FIRE AND EXPLOSION PROTECTION MEASURES AND FIRE EXTINGUISHING PLAN; CONCLUSION; LITERATURE

#### Sommario/riassunto

HauptbeschreibungThe production of oil is a complex technological procedure consisting of several equally important segments. One of the most important phases is the collection and preparation of oil, which affects the process of production from technical as well as from economical aspects. The choice and method of designing systems for oil collection and preparation is a very complex task that depends on the number of concrete parameters; this carries with it, above all, the difficulty in finding technology that will enable optimal work of wells as well as finding the continually a