Record Nr. UNINA9910781652703321 Autore Risch William Jay **Titolo** The Ukrainian West [[electronic resource]]: culture and the fate of empire in Soviet Lviv / / William Jay Risch Cambridge, MA,: Harvard University Press, 2011 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 0-674-06126-8 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (374 p.) Collana Harvard historical studies;; 173 947.7/9 Disciplina Soggetti Nationalism - Ukraine - Lviv - History - 20th century Ethnicity - Ukraine - Lviv - History - 20th century Ukrainian language - Political aspects - Ukraine - Lviv - History Lviv (Ukraine) History 20th century Lviv (Ukraine) Politics and government 20th century Lviv (Ukraine) Social conditions 20th century Lviv (Ukraine) Relations Soviet Union Lviv (Ukraine) Relations Europe Soviet Union Relations Ukraine Lviv **Europe Relations Ukraine Lviv** Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. 267-339) and index. Nota di contenuto Frontmatter -- Contents -- Foreign Terms and Abbreviations -- Note on Transliteration -- Introduction -- PART I. Lviv and the Soviet West -- CHAPTER 1. Lviv and Postwar Soviet Politics -- CHAPTER 2. The Making of a Soviet Ukrainian City -- CHAPTER 3. The New Lvivians --CHAPTER 4. The Ukrainian "Soviet Abroad" -- PART II. Lviv and the Ukrainian Nation -- CHAPTER 5. Language and Literary Politics --CHAPTER 6. Lviv and the Ukrainian Past -- CHAPTER 7. Youth and the Nation -- CHAPTER 8. Mass Culture and Counterculture -- Conclusion -- Appendix: Note on Interviews -- Notes -- Archives Consulted --Oral Interviews -- Acknowledgments -- Index In 1990, months before crowds in Moscow and other major cities Sommario/riassunto

dismantled their monuments to Lenin, residents of the western

Ukrainian city of Lviv toppled theirs. William Jay Risch argues that Soviet

politics of empire inadvertently shaped this anti-Soviet city, and that opposition from the periphery as much as from the imperial center was instrumental in unraveling the Soviet Union. Lviv's borderlands identity was defined by complicated relationships with its Polish neighbor, its imperial Soviet occupier, and the real and imagined West. The city's intellectuals-working through compromise rather than overt opposition-strained the limits of censorship in order to achieve greater public use of Ukrainian language and literary expression, and challenged state-sanctioned histories with their collective memory of the recent past. Lviv's post-Stalin-generation youth, to which Risch pays particular attention, forged alternative social spaces where their enthusiasm for high culture, politics, soccer, music, and film could be shared. The Ukrainian West enriches our understanding not only of the Soviet Union's postwar evolution but also of the role urban spaces. cosmopolitan identities, and border regions play in the development of nations and empires. And it calls into question many of our assumptions about the regional divisions that have characterized politics in Ukraine. Risch shines a bright light on the political, social, and cultural history that turned this once-peripheral city into a Soviet window on the West.