

1. Record Nr.	UNISA990001434100203316
Autore	CANTELMO, Vincenzo Ernesto
Titolo	Le forme attuali di proprietà privata : la forma agricola / Vincenzo E. Cantelmo
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Napoli : Edizioni Scientifiche Italiane, 1984
Descrizione fisica	58 p. ; 24 cm
Collana	Quaderni della rassegna di diritto civile
Disciplina	346
Soggetti	Proprietà agraria - Diritto privato
Collocazione	XXV.1.N 3 (IX C Coll 21/2)
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910781623803321
Autore	Zagarri Rosemarie
Titolo	Revolutionary Backlash : Women and Politics in the Early American Republic // Rosemarie Zagarri
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Philadelphia : , : University of Pennsylvania Press, , [2011] ©2008
ISBN	1-283-21242-0 9786613212429 0-8122-0555-3
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (249 p.)
Collana	Early American Studies
Disciplina	323.34097309033
Soggetti	HISTORY United States / Revolutionary Period (1775-1800) Women - History - Political activity - Revolution, 1775-1783 - United States Women - History - Political activity - 19th century - United States Feminism - History - United States Gender & Ethnic Studies Social Sciences Gender Studies & Sexuality

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di contenuto	Frontmatter -- Contents -- Introduction -- Chapter 1. The Rights of Woman -- Chapter 2. Female Politicians -- Chapter 3. Patriotism and Partisanship -- Chapter 4. Women and the "War of Politics" -- Chapter 5. A Democracy-For Whom? -- Epilogue: Memory and Forgetting -- Notes -- Index -- Acknowledgments
Sommario/riassunto	<p>The Seneca Falls Convention is typically seen as the beginning of the first women's rights movement in the United States. Revolutionary Backlash argues otherwise. According to Rosemarie Zagarri, the debate over women's rights began not in the decades prior to 1848 but during the American Revolution itself. Integrating the approaches of women's historians and political historians, this book explores changes in women's status that occurred from the time of the American Revolution until the election of Andrew Jackson. Although the period after the Revolution produced no collective movement for women's rights, women built on precedents established during the Revolution and gained an informal foothold in party politics and male electoral activities. Federalists and Jeffersonians vied for women's allegiance and sought their support in times of national crisis. Women, in turn, attended rallies, organized political activities, and voiced their opinions on the issues of the day. After the publication of Mary Wollstonecraft's <i>A Vindication of the Rights of Woman</i>, a widespread debate about the nature of women's rights ensued. The state of New Jersey attempted a bold experiment: for a brief time, women there voted on the same terms as men. Yet as Rosemarie Zagarri argues in Revolutionary Backlash, this opening for women soon closed. By 1828, women's politicization was seen more as a liability than as a strength, contributing to a divisive political climate that repeatedly brought the country to the brink of civil war. The increasing sophistication of party organizations and triumph of universal suffrage for white males marginalized those who could not vote, especially women. Yet all was not lost. Women had already begun to participate in charitable movements, benevolent societies, and social reform organizations. Through these organizations, women found another way to practice politics.</p>

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910887857603321
Titolo	Anatomy and physiology. The respiratory system
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Bozeman, MT : , : Bozeman Science, , 2015
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (9 minutes)
Collana	Academic Video Online
Soggetti	Biology - Study and teaching Respiratory organs Cardiopulmonary system Instructional films.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Videoregistrazione
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Title from resource description page (viewed August 6, 2020).
Sommario/riassunto	Paul Andersen starts this video with a description of the respiratory surface. He explains how worms, insects, fish and mammals take in oxygen and release carbon dioxide. He then tours the major organs of the respiratory system; from the pharynx to the trachea, bronchus, bronchiole and alveoli. He also explains how oxygen is carried on the hemoglobin and how carbon dioxide is carried as bicarbonate.