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Autore Moyer Ginny Kubitz

Titolo Daily inspiration for women: seasons of a woman's life: spring +

summer + autumn + winter / / Ginny Kubitz Moyer, Jessica Mesman

Griffith, Vinita Hampton Wright, Margaret Silf

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Soggetti Women

Devotional calendars

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Autore Fried Lisbeth S

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Empire / / Lisbeth S. Fried

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Soggetti Konig

Religion and politics - Iran - To 640

Staat (politicologie)

Tempels
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Note generali

Revision of the author's thesis (doctoral)--New York University.

Nota di bibliografia

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Nota di contenuto

Introduction -- Temple-palace relations in Babylonia -- Temple-palace relations in Egypt -- Temple-palace relations in Asia Minor -- Temple-

palace relations in Yehud -- Conclusion -- Appendix.

Sommario/riassunto

The wars that periodically engulfed the Levant in the fourth century temporarily pulled the ruling governors and satraps away from Judah, and during these times, the Judaean priesthood may have capitalized on the brief absence of Persian officials to mint coins, but they achieved their longed-for independence only much later, under the Maccabees."--Jacket.

"Lisbeth S. Fried's study investigates the impact of Achaemenid rule on the political power of local priesthoods during the 6th-4th centuries B. C.E. Scholars typically assume that, as long as tribute was sent to Susa, the capital of the Achaemenid Empire, subject peoples remained autonomous. Fried's work challenges this assumption. She examines the inscriptions, coins, temple archives, and literary texts from Babylon. Egypt, Asia Minor, and Judah and concludes that there was no local autonomy. The only people with power in the Empire were Persians and their appointees. This was true for Judah as well. The High Priest had

no real power; there was no theocracy.