Record Nr. UNINA9910781236603321 Risk-based tax audits:: approaches and country experiences // **Titolo** Munawer Sultan Khwaja, Rajul Awasthi, and Jan Loeprick, editors Pubbl/distr/stampa Washington D.C.:,: World Bank,, [2011] copyright 2011 **ISBN** 1-283-15182-0 9786613151827 0-8213-8755-3 xviii, 132 pages: illustrations;; 23 cm Descrizione fisica Collana Directions in development Altri autori (Persone) KhwajaMunawer Sultan AwasthiRajul LoeprickJan Disciplina 352.4/4 Soggetti Revenue Tax auditing Auditing - Computer programs Risk management Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references. Nota di contenuto Fundamentals of risk-based audits -- Key principles of risk-based audits -- Risk-based audits : assessing the risks -- Approaches to audits for different taxpayer segments -- A risk based approach to large businesses -- Simplified risk scoring for SME's -- Infrastructure for risk analysis -- Database and it framework for risk analysis --Building and integrating databases for risk profiles in the United Kingdom -- Data warehouse and data mining tools for risk management: the case of Turkey -- Country experiences in risk based tax audits -- Sweden -- The Netherlands -- Bulgaria -- India --Ukraine -- Kazakhstan -- Which audit selection strategy? : a review --Conclusion: lessons for reforms. Sommario/riassunto This book serves as a toolkit on risk-based audits and brings together country experiences for implementing risk-based audit systems. Risk

management is an important element of effective and efficient

compliance management in revenue administration. It is impossible for any revenue administration to control and check every single taxpayer, and an unnecessary waste of scarce enforcement resources on routinely examining low-risk, compliant taxpayers. The opportunity costs for such roving examinations are high. Just as a private business allocates its resources to areas they feel have the most po