1. Record Nr. UNINA9910781189703321 Autore Kobialka Michal **Titolo** Further on, nothing [[electronic resource]]: Tadeusz Kantor's theatre / / Michal Kobialka University of Minnesota Press, : Minneapolis, 2009 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 0-8166-6806-X Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (551 p.) Disciplina 792.02/33092 Soggetti Theatrical producers and directors - Poland Experimental theater - Poland Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references. My work-my journey (1988) -- Topography of representation. Nota di contenuto Independent theatre: theoretical essays (1942-1944) -- After the war: a night notebook or metamorphoses (1947-1948) -- Cricot 2 Theatre (about 1963) -- Reality of the lowest rank (1980) -- The autonomous theatre (1956/1963) -- The litany of the informel art (1955) -- The informel: terms and definitions -- The informel theatre (1961) -- The zero theatre (1963) -- The emballage (1957-1965) -- The "i" theatre (about 1969) -- The impossible theatre (1969-1973) -- 1955-1974 --Spatial historiography: The dead class. A classroom (1971 or 1972) --The theatre of death (1975) -- The dead class: selections from the Partytura (1974) -- Theatre of similitude. Theatrical place (1970s-1980s) -- The room: maybe a new phase (1980) -- Etudes-sketches of a scenario -- "The last supper" sequence of rehearsals -- Prison (1985) -- Reflection (1985) -- To save from oblivion (March 1988) -- The real "I" (1988) -- Illusion -- Illusion and repetition -- My meetings with death (1987) -- Memory (1988) -- Spatial historiography: Silent night. A short history of my life -- Silent night (Cricotage) (1990) -- Silent night-Partytura (Cricotage) (1990) -- The space of khora. My room (1990) -- A painting (1990) -- From the beginning my credo was--

Sommario/riassunto

(1990).

Tadeusz Kantor (1915-1990) was one of the twentieth century's most innovative visual artists, stage directors, and theoreticians. His theatre productions and manifestos challenged the conventions of creating art

in post-World War II culture and expanded the boundaries of Dada, surrealist, Constructivist, and happening theatre forms. Kantor's most widely known productions-The Dead Class (1975), Wielopole, Wielopole (1980), Let the Artists Die (1985), and Today Is My Birthday (1990)-have had a profound impact on playwrights and artists who continue today to engage with his radical theatre.In Fur