

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910786216603321
Autore	Adolph Christopher <1976->
Titolo	Bankers, bureaucrats, and central bank politics : the myth of neutrality // Christopher Adolph [[electronic resource]]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cambridge : , : Cambridge University Press, , 2013
ISBN	1-139-61123-2 1-107-23808-0 1-139-62239-0 1-139-60939-4 1-139-61309-X 1-139-61681-1 1-139-62611-6 1-139-50676-5
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (xxiii, 357 pages) : digital, PDF file(s)
Collana	Cambridge studies in comparative politics
Disciplina	332.1/1
Soggetti	Monetary policy Banks and banking, Central - Political aspects Bureaucracy
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015).
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Agents, institutions, and the political economy of performance -- Career theories of monetary policy -- Central banker careers and inflation in industrial democracies -- Careers and the monetary policy process: three mechanism tests -- Careers and inflation in developing countries -- How central bankers use their independence -- Partisan governments, labor unions and monetary policy -- The politics of central banker appointment -- The politics of central banker tenure -- Conclusion: the dilemma of discretion.
Sommario/riassunto	Most studies of the political economy of money focus on the laws protecting central banks from government interference; this book turns to the overlooked people who actually make monetary policy decisions. Using formal theory and statistical evidence from dozens of central banks across the developed and developing worlds, this book shows

that monetary policy agents are not all the same. Molded by specific professional and sectoral backgrounds and driven by career concerns, central bankers with different career trajectories choose predictably different monetary policies. These differences undermine the widespread belief that central bank independence is a neutral solution for macroeconomic management. Instead, through careful selection and retention of central bankers, partisan governments can and do influence monetary policy - preserving a political trade-off between inflation and real economic performance even in an age of legally independent central banks.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910780919103321
Titolo	Water, environmental security and sustainable rural development : conflict and cooperation in Central Eurasia // edited by Murat Arsel and Max Spoor
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London ; ; New York : , : Routledge, , 2010
ISBN	1-135-23633-X 1-135-23634-8 1-282-37713-2 0-203-86646-0
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (301 p.)
Collana	Durham modern Middle East and Islamic world series ; ; 45
Altri autori (Persone)	ArselMurat SpoorMax
Disciplina	333.91 333.910095 333.911209475
Soggetti	Water-supply - Eurasia Water resources development - Eurasia Rural development - Eurasia Sustainable development - Eurasia
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.

## Nota di contenuto

The unravelling of Afghanistan -- Statebuilding and reconstruction -- Statebuilding : challenges and pathologies -- Political development : mass, elite and institutional dimensions -- Reconstruction : a critical assessment -- Democracy and elections -- Democracy and legitimation : challenges in the reconstitution of political processes -- Afghan elections : from the sublime to the ridiculous? -- Law and human rights -- The rule of law and the weight of politics : challenges and trajectories -- Human rights in Afghanistan -- War -- Surviving in a war zone : the problem of civilian casualties -- Pakistan-Afghanistan relations -- US-Afghanistan relations -- Talking to the Taliban -- Conclusion -- Alternative futures for Afghanistan.

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## Sommario/riassunto

This book, by one of the leading authorities on the subject, presents a deep analysis of the very difficult current situation in Afghanistan. Covering a wide range of important subjects including state-building, democracy, war, the rule of law and international relations, the book draws out two overarching key factors: the way in which the prevailing neopatrimonial political order, established in an earlier "state-free" period, has become entrenched, making it very difficult for any other political order to take root; and the hostile region in which Afghanistan is located, especially the way in which an ongoing "creeping invasion" from Pakistani territory has compromised the aspirations of both the Afghan government and its international backers to move the country to a more stable position.

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